

F2

Administrator

Version 8



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Welcome to cBrain F2

cBrain F2 is an electronic document and records management system (EDRMS) based on a fully integrated e-government model. The F2 software is designed to accommodate the user's need for an organised and flexible tool.

The F2 standard system is developed to support full digitisation of the work performed by public authorities, private organisations and companies. In addition to facilitating best practices for digital case and document management as well as communication and knowledge sharing, F2 supports public authorities' special requirements related to administrative tasks, registration and archiving.

Reading instructions

This manual is written for users of F2 Desktop who will be performing administrative tasks for other F2 users. These tasks may include customising the user interface, user administration and assigning roles or creating units and shared distribution lists. All functions available to an administrator through F2' s user interface are addressed, with special emphasis on functionality and configuration.

The manual is based on an F2 solution with all available add-on modules installed. Users may notice some differences between their own F2 client and the one presented here depending on the add-on modules included in their organisation's F2 solution.

In this manual, the names of commands are **bolded**. Commands are clickable features such as buttons. The names of fields and lists are placed in "quotation marks".

References to other sections within the document and references to other documentation are *italicised*.

We hope you enjoy using F2.



Installing cBrain F2

Immediately after installation, the administrators of F2 can begin their administrative tasks.

A number of administrative and technical decisions are made before the final installation. These include:

- Organisational structure
- User roles
- Email import
- Security groups
- Users and their roles
- Keywords
- Case help
- Management flags
- File types
- Request types
- Document templates
- File plans.

Please refer to the relevant technical installation guides and checklists.

The basic installation of F2

Based on the outcomes of the configuration workshops with cBrain, F2 is installed with:

- An organisation which is known as the top unit in F2.
- A role of the "Administrator" type. For more information see the section *Roles in F2.*

A user with the "Administrator" role can now log into F2 for the first time.



Introduction to administrative tasks

F2 administrator

A user with F2 administrator privileges can set up and configure F2.

In F2 there are four predefined administrator roles:

- Administrator
- User administrator
- Business administrator
- Technical administrator.

The predefined administrator roles and their corresponding privileges are further described in the section *Administrator roles*. All of them include special privileges to set up and change the basic functionality of F2.

Administrator tasks in F2

Many of the administrative functions can be performed in F2's user interface directly. These functions are typically managed by a user with an administrator role.

The typical administrative tasks can be split into these categories:

- User administration:
 - Users, units and role types.
 - Privileges.
 - Access security and security groups for confidential case areas, e.g. HR.
 - Delegating administrative tasks using system roles and privileges.
- Communication:
 - The external participant register.
 - Distribution lists.
- Setup of the user interface for F2's main window:
 - Fixed searches.
 - The column setup in the result list.
- Setup of the user interface for the record window:
 - Document templates.
 - Keywords.
 - > Flags for personal and unit management.
- The administration of various value lists e.g. keywords, progress codes (add-on module), file plan and cPort (add-on module).



The administrators' management of these tasks is described in this manual.

The user interface for F2 administrators

Administrators and standard F2 users share the same user interface. However, administrators do have a number of extra functions at their disposal.

Many administrator's tasks are accessed from the "Administrator" tab in F2's main window. Administrator-related functions for the setup and maintenance of F2 are found in the ribbon.



Figure 1: The ribbon on the "Administrator" tab in the main window

Note: The menu items available in the ribbon of the administrator tab will vary depending on the administrator's privileges and which add-on modules that are included in the F2 installation. Users may experience that some functions that are described and shown in this manual are not available in their F2 installation.



The unit structure in F2

It is important that the user possesses a general knowledge of F2 in order to understand the administrative tasks. For this, please refer to the F2 Desktop user manuals.

Below follows a short explanation of how F2 organises authorities and units in a tree structure. In F2 all users are organised into units. A user is always attached to a unit.

To create a user, at least one unit must be defined in the organisation. The reasoning behind this is that F2 in most cases relates read and write access to documents depending on the unit structure. F2's unit structure roughly corresponds to the structure of the organisation, although typically not in all facets.

The unit structure in F2:

- **Top unit/Organisation**: This unit is the parent unit in F2. It is created when installing F2. There can only be one top unit for each F2 installation. This can e.g. be a ministry or a company.
- **Authority**: This unit represents a legal unit in F2. Full separation exists between the different authorities in an F2 installation. There is no limit to the number of authorities that can be created in F2. An authority can e.g. consist of a department and a number of government agencies or a company with several subsidiaries.
- **Units**: An unlimited number of units and subunits can be created within an authority. These can mirror the overall organisation within the authority. Each record can be access restricted to a unit. This influences who can view and work on the records and documents.

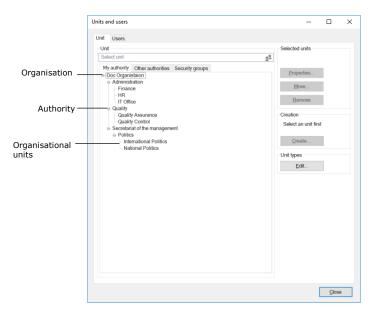


Figure 2: An example of F2's tree structure



Note: The top unit/organisation is only visible on the "Other Authorities" tab and not on the "My authority" tab".

Create an authority

An authority's internal structure is comprised by the units created in the "Units and users" dialogue.

Click on **Units and users** in the "Administrator" ribbon of F2's main window to create a new unit. The dialogue below opens.



Figure 3: The "Unit and users" menu item

The dialogue shows an organisation called "Doc Organisation". This organisation has the authorities: "Development Authority", and "Digital Authority".

The "Doc Organisation" wish to create a new authority with the name "Environmental Department". Click on **Create** in the "Units and users" dialogue to open the "Create unit" dialogue.

Units and users	- 0	×	
Unit Select unit Doc Organisation Doc Organisation Development Authority Digital Authority	Selected units Doc Organisation (Organisation) Properties Move Remove Creation Create authority in 'Doc Organisation' Create Unit types Edit	se	Create nev authority

Figure 4: Create a new authority



Enter the relevant		Create unit		×
information about the new authority in the dialogue.	Name of new authority	General Email settir Unit Name: Email address:		1
The unit type is set to "Authority".	Unit type ——	Initials Unit type:	Authority ~	
The system provides the location after the unit is created. Additional fields can be filled in if needed.		Address Address 1: Address 2: Post code: City: Country Code: Telephone Phone: Mobile:		
	Synchronisation — key	Home page Web: Synchronisation Key:	OK Cancel	

Figure 5: The "Create unit" dialogue

The authority's email settings can be modified on the "Email settings" tab.	Create unit General Email settings Email account Account: Mail server: Get email External info email State the email address to which an info mail will be sent, when a request is sent to the authority or when the request is changed. Email address: Decidents	×
	Reading marks Do not show the number of unread for the units inbox OK Cancel	

Figure 6: The "Email settings" tab in the "Create unit" dialogue

Read more about email settings in the Managing emails section.

When the necessary fields have been filled in, click on $\mathbf{OK}.$ The warning dialogue below appears.



Create Authority?	×
Are you sure you want to create a new Authority? Authorities cannot be deleted after creation!	
Yes No	

Figure 7: The "Create authority?" dialogue

The warning dialogue informs the administrator that once an authority is created it cannot be deleted.

Click on **No** to return to the "Create unit" dialogue.

Click on **Yes** to proceed. The "Environmental Department" authority is then created, and units and users can now be created within it. View the newly created authority in the figure below.

The newly created authority	My authority Other authorities Security groups	Properties Move Remove Creation Create unit under 'Environmental Department' Greate Unit types
		Unit types Edit

Figure 8: The newly created authority

Create units within an authority

In F2, the organisational structure is mirrored by a number of units. Units are created and maintained by administrators or user administrators.

One chief purpose of the units is to tell F2 where to place the users when matching roles and units are synchronised using synchronisation keys during full AD integration. During standard AD integration the administrator creates the users in the units themselves.

The users' affiliation with a unit is important as it influences their read and write access to records for which the access is restricted to the specific unit.



An administrator can access units from the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab by clicking on the **Units and users** menu item.



In "Units and users" dialogue, a user with the "Unit administrator" privilege can create, edit, move and deactivate units.

Figure 9: The "Units and users" menu item

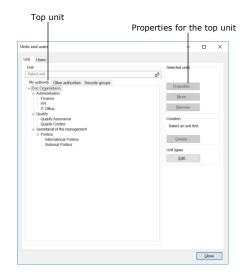


Figure 10: F2 is installed with only one top unit

As mentioned, F2 is installed with one top unit (organisation). The name of the top unit is adjusted to fit the organisation's name when F2 is installed. In the figure above, "Doc Organisation" is the top unit. Edit the name by selecting the unit and then clicking on **Properties**.

Expand the top unit to view the "Authority" unit types that are created in the tree structure. These units can also be expanded to show their underlying units.

The "Unit" tab displays the units in F2. They are embedded in a tree structure. Create a new unit by selecting a "main unit" in the directory and clicking on **Create**.



Unit Users Unit	Selected units	
Select unit My suthority Other authorities Security groups Doc Organistation Administration Code Authority Ouality Secretariat of the management	Digital Authority Department) Properties Move Remove Creation Create unit under "Digital Authority" <u>C</u> reate Unit types <u>E</u> dit	Create a unit under the selected authority

Figure 11: Create units within an authority

The "Create unit" dialogue		Cre	ate unit		×
opens as shown to the right.	The unit's — name		ieneral Email setti Unit Name: Email address:	ngs []	
Fill in the relevant information in the dialogue.	Unit type —		Initials Unit type:	Area Area Area Decentral	
In the "Unit type" field, select which type this unit represents. See below for more information on the management of unit types. Units are created in the same dialogue that is used			Address Address 1: Address 2: Post code: City: Country Code: Telephone Phone: Mobile:	Department Secretariat	
for creating authorities.			Home page Web:		
The organisational structure within an authority can contain many units.			Synchronisation — Key:	OK Cancel	

Figure 12: The "Create unit" dialogue

Read more about configuring email on the "Email settings" tab in the *Managing emails* section.

Create unit types for specific units

F2 divides units into types. F2 contains definitions of fixed unit types that are created during the installation of F2.



Some unit types cannot be deleted as they are used by F2. The names of these units may vary as they depend on the organisation. New unit types can be added later, and unit types that are not in use can be deleted again.

Click on the **Unit types** menu item in the ribbon on the administrator tab in F2's main window.

The dialogue below appears. From here it is possible to manage unit types.

Unit types
ାର୍କ Unit types
 Progress codes administration Flags for personal control
Value lists

Figure 13: The "Unit types" menu item

These are examples of the unit types available:

- Authority
- Organisation
- Department
- Office
- Area
- Secretariat.

Authority Distribution liste Organisation Security group Team Area Decentral	Add unit type Title:
Area Decentral Department Office Secretariat	Delete unt type 'Authority is a system-unit type and cannot be deleted.

Figure 14: Management of unit types

Unit types such as teams and security groups are used to divide users into teams and security groups across the authority.

When a unit type has been created, it can be used when creating units (the organisational division).

Decentral units

A unit of the "Decentral unit" type functions as any other F2 unit, but unlike other units it is not synchronised with Active Directory (AD).

A decentral unit can be used for project cooperation across units, and extra email addresses can be attached.

Decentral units are created by a user with the "Decentral unit and user administrator" privilege.

In order to affiliate a user with a decentral unit, the user must have one of the three roles:



- **Decentral role:** This is a job role that lets the user log in and work in a decentral unit.
- **Decentral read access:** This is a job role that lets the user search for records whose access is normally restricted to users in a decentral unit. The role is equivalent to the "Read access to another unit" role.
- **Decentral read/write access:** This is a job role that lets the user search for records whose responsibility lie with a decentral unit and whose access restriction is either "Unit" or "All". The role is equivalent to the "Write and read access to another unit" role.

Below is an example of when decentral units are useful:

An organisation has a number of units that work independently of the central administration. These units would like to maintain a unit structure across of standard F2 units. The F2 administrator gives one or more users in the organisation the "Decentral unit and user administrator" privilege, which lets them maintain the decentral units.



User administration

An administrator with the "User administrator" privilege can create users in F2. Users are created in an authority and can also be attached to a unit. A user needs a "job role" before they can log in to F2.

The creation of a new user is described below. Once the user is created, they need to be assigned roles of which one must be a job role. The roles are affiliated with units and contain one or more privileges. Privileges let the user perform different actions in F2.

One or more role types must be defined before a user can be given a role. One role type must be a "job role". Read more about the creation of role types in the section *Create and assign role types.*

Create user

Access to different functions in F2 is controlled using roles. Every role is given one or more privileges. In order for a user to log in to F2, one of these roles must be a "job role". It is only possible for a user to access F2 through a job role.

If a user was already created through AD import, the user must be assigned a role. For further information on assigning roles, see the *Assigning roles* section.

Administrators/user administrators can create users in F2 via the "Administrator" tab by clicking on the **Units and users** menu item in the ribbon.



Figure 15: The "Units and users" menu item



Users	Selected user
Select user	Properties
My authority Other authorities Doc Organistation Administration	Activate
 Docadmin (Case manager) Hugo Hugosen (Minister) Quality 	Creation
Kalle Atlason (Department head) Kain's Smoren (Department secretary) Klaus Salomon (Case manager) Quality Assurance @ Quality Control @ Secretariat of the management Delete Dudsen (Chelic consultant) Dothe Dudsen (Chelic consultant) Dothe Dudsen (Chelic consultant) Dothe Dudsen (Chelic consultant) Dothe Dudsen (Chelic consultant) Lene Lang (Case manager) Luse Laustup (Case manager) Luse Laustup (Case manager) Webke Villasen (Head of support) Victor Vinsen (Head of support)	Create us

Figure 16: Create user

A dialogue opens in which the user's master data can be entered.

Create user – information

For every user the master data, including name, initials, email address, user name, etc., must be added. This is done on the "Information" tab as displayed below.



	Create user X	
	Information Roles	
	Name	
	Name:	
	Username:	
	Initials	
	Email address:	
	Title:	
Limited access	Limited access	
	SSN:	
	Email account	
	Account:	
	Mail server:	
Get email	Get email Receive email externally	Receive email
	Address	externally
	Address 1:	
	Address 2:	
	Post code: City:	
	Country Code:	
	Telephone	
	Phone: Local No:	
	Mobile: Fax	
	Private phone:	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 17: User information

The following table explains selected fields from the "Information" tab in the "Create user" dialogue.

Field	Description
"Limited access" (add- on module)	Ticking the "Limited access" box restricts the user's access to records or cases in F2. The user only gains access when added to a record's or case's access restriction either by username or by being in a security group, unit or team. The user must also have access to the record, e.g. as a supplementary case manager.
	A user with limited access can access any record they create. The user will lose access to a record if it is added to a case with an access restriction. If the user creates a case, they are automatically added to its access restriction.
"Get email"	The consequences of ticking this box depend on F2's configuration. For installations with full email import, F2 transfers all emails from Outlook's inbox to the user's F2 inbox. A record is created for every imported email. In this case, ticking the "Get email" box is not necessary.
	If email import is manual, the user must move relevant emails from Outlook using its "Move to F2" folder. The emails will then



Field	Description
	appear in both the "Moved to F2" folder in Outlook and "My inbox" in F2.
	The third option is to automatically transfer all emails from the inbox in Outlook that are replies to mails from F2. This is configured on the server by a technician.
"Receive email externally"	If this box is ticked, the user will only receive emails in Outlook. This also applies to emails sent internally in F2 to the user.
	Any other communication channels are not affected by a tick in the "Receive email externally" box. For example, chats, approvals and records that are either sent or for which the responsibility is allocated internally will still be found in F2 only.

Note: The "Get email" and "Receive email externally" boxes cannot both be ticked. Ticking "Receive email externally" lets the user work with a different email client alongside F2. In this case, emails must be manually transferred to F2 using the "Move to F2" folder.

Click on **OK** when the fields are filled in. The user then needs a job role. This is described in the next section.

Create user – roles

i.

A new user must be assigned a job role. Fill in all the relevant fields on the "Information" tab and click on **OK**. The focus will then automatically shift to the "Roles" tab. Here, the user must be assigned a job role in either the top unit or in a unit.

Select the "Roles" tab and click on **Add role**.

	Create user				×
	Information Roles				
	Role	Role category	Decentralise	Unit	
Add role	Add role Be	move			
				ОК	Cancel

Figure 18: The "Roles" tab in the "Create user" dialogue

Note: An administrator can see which role types are categorised as "job" in the "Role types and privileges" dialogue that is accessible via the menu item on the "Administrator" tab. For more information about role types and privileges see the section *Create and assign role types*.



The "Add role to [user]" dialogue opens. Select the authority or unit with which the user must be affiliated. Then select a role type in the "Role type" drop-down menu.

Click on **OK** and the "Add role to [user]" dialogue closes.

	Add role to Iree	ne Todd		-		×	
Select unit—	Doc Author dmini:	stration ance Office		ticipants			
Select role — type	- Role type: Can r	ead server logs	ОК		⊽ Cancel		— Drop-down menu

Figure 19: Add a role to a new user

Note: It is important to select the correct unit for the user's role. The role and its location determine which privileges the user has in a given unit.

The "Roles" tab now shows that the new user has been assigned the role.

Click on **OK**. The user is created and can now log into F2.

When a user is created, they can be assigned several roles. Roles have associated privileges that let the user perform different tasks in F2. Read more in the *Roles in F2* section.

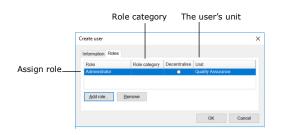


Figure 20: Assign a role to a new user

Note: New users are always created with the "Addressbook owner" role type. Read more about roles in the *Roles in F2* section.

Deactivate user

It is not possible to delete a user in F2. A user can instead be deactivated. In the main window, click on the "Administrator" tab and then the **Units and users** menu item to deactivate a user.



Figure 21: The "Units and users" menu item



The "Units and users" dialogue opens. In the dialogue, click on the "Users" tab. Select the user in the tree structure and click on **Deactivate**.

nits ar	nd users		- 0	×	
Unit	Users				
Use	ect user		Selected user		
Sel	ect user		2.		
M	y authority	/ Other authorities	Properties		
	Doc Organ	istration	Deactivate		— Deactivate the selected user
		ders Andersen (Department head) n Sekner (Case manager)	Creation		
		ne Christiansen (Permanent Secretary)			
		ne Christiansen (Department secretary)	Create user		
		ance			
	⊢ Ha	nne Winter (Office secretary)			
		Hanne Winter (Office secretary)			
		Hanse Hansen (Head of office)			
		Haral Haralsen (Case manager)			
		Helene Helenesen (Case manager)			
		Hilda Hildasen (Case manager)			
		Hilda Sunesen (Chief consultant)			
		Hugo Hugosen (Case manager) Vibeke Villasen (Case manager)			
		Office			
		beke Villasen (Chief consultant)			
		Authority			
	Docad	lmin (Case manager)			
		Hugosen (Minister)			
	Quality				
		tariat of the management			
			C	ose	

Figure 22: Deactivate a user

A warning dialogue opens. Click on **Yes** to continue deactivating the user.

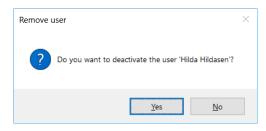


Figure 23: The warning dialogue when deactivating a user

A deactivated user is displayed in italics.



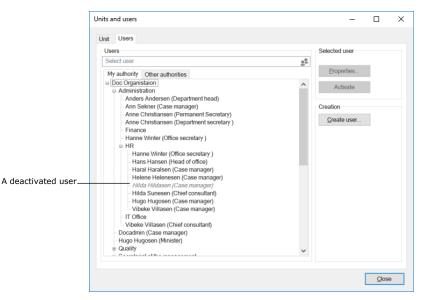


Figure 24: A deactivated user

Note: A user must be deactivated in both F2 and Active Directory. If the user is only deactivated in F2, the user will be reactivated via the AD import.

Activate user

A deactivated user can be reactivated from the main window by clicking on the "Administrator" tab and then the **Units and users** menu item in the ribbon.

In the "Units and users" dialogue, click on the **Users** tab. Select the user in the tree structure and click on **Activate**.



Figure 25: The "Units and users" menu item



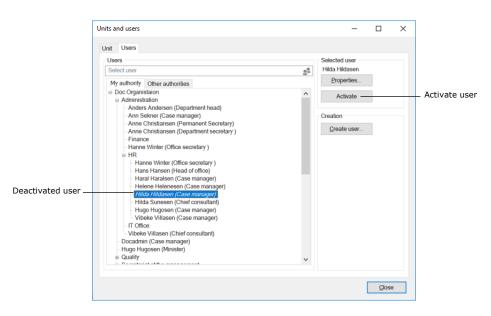


Figure 26: Reactivate a user

A warning dialogue opens. Click on **Yes** to reactivate the user. Select the user again and click on **Properties**. The "Properties for the user [user name]" dialogue opens.

When the user is deactivated, the user name field will state "Not employed". For the user to be reactivated completely, the "User name" field must contain the user's name, in this example Hilda Hildasen. Either the user's full name or an abbreviated version, e.g. the initials used for login and/or email, must be entered here.



Properties for the use	r Hilda Hildasen		\times	
Information Roles				
Name			_	
Name:	Hilda Hildasen			
Username:	Not employed			sername
Initials	HHI			
Email address:				
Title:				
	Limited access			
Participant No:	36			
SSN:				
Email account				
Account:				
Mail server:				
	Get email	Receive email externally		
Address				
Address 1:				
Address 2:				
Post code:		City:		
Country Code:				
Telephone				
Phone:		Local No:		
Mobile:		Fax:		
Private phone:				
		OK Cancel		

Figure 27: The "Properties" dialogue for the reactivated user

If F2 has not automatically executed this change during reactivation, it must be done manually.

Note: Only when the "Username" field contains the participant's username does F2 consider the user activated.

Note: A user must be reactivated in both F2 and Active Directory. If the user is only reactivated in F2, the user will be deactivated via the AD import.



On behalf of

In a number of situations, a user may need access to another user's inbox for either a fixed time period or on a permanent basis. For example, a secretary may need access to their manager's inbox.

There are two ways of allocating "on behalf of" rights:

- A permanent allocation given by an administrator.
- An ad hoc allocation which can also be given by a user.

The permanent "on behalf of" allocation is managed by a user with the "On behalf of administrator" privilege.

A user who is allocated "on behalf of" rights has "on behalf of" access to another user's F2. This includes the records located in the user's "My private records" list. Two types of "on behalf of" rights exist:

- "Can perform all actions"
- "Can process approvals" (add-on module).

A user with the "On behalf of administrator" privilege can allocate "on behalf of" rights to other users. In the following section this is described in further detail.

Note: It is possible to go on behalf of a deactivated user and perform action as if the user were active. For further information on deactivated users, see the *Deactivate user* section.

Setting up of "On behalf of"

On the "Administrator" tab, click on **On behalf of** to open the "On behalf of" dialogue.

The dialogue shows which users have "on behalf of" rights for other users. It is possible to assign or remove the "on behalf of" rights in this dialogue.

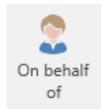


Figure 28: The "On behalf of" menu item



	efine that a user can act on behalf of another use same tasks as the user. The history will describe t			t user, and
User	Area	On behalf of	Active from	Active to
Amin Aslani	Can perform all actions	Abigail Anderson		
Harper Ross	Can perform all actions	Hector Richards		
Alya Qaimkhani	Can perform all actions	Chester Clarkson		
Myles McDougall	Can handle approvals (Ministry)	Maisy Moore		
Brian Baxter	Can perform all actions	Penelope Poole		
Stanley Matthews	Can perform all actions	Shapoor Mousavi		
Stanley Matthews	Can handle approvals (the user's inbox)	Sebastian May		
Hannah Hendricks	Can handle approvals (the user's inbox)	Hector Richards		
Siún Moynihan	Can perform all actions	Sebastian May		
Ireene Todd	Can perform all actions	Klaus Salomon		
lshwar Tagore	Can perform all actions	Klaus Salomon		
			New	Delete

Figure 29: The "On behalf of" dialogue

Click on **New** to assign a new "on behalf of" relation. A dialogue opens in which the administrator can assign a user "on behalf of" rights to another user's F2.

The administrator also selects which type of "on behalf of" rights the user is assigned:

- "Can perform all actions". This is the full "on behalf of" rights.
- "Can process approvals" (add-on module). This is partial "on behalf of" rights.

User	Area		On behalf of	Active from	Active to
Amin Aslani	Can perform all action	ns	Abigail Anderson		
Harper Ross	Can perform all actig		L La stara Di sharada		
Alya Qaimkhani	Can perform all action	🤰 On be	half of 🛛 🗕 🗖 🗙		
Myles McDougall	Can handle approva				
Brian Baxter	Can perform all action	User:	Quinn Campbell (Case manager, Quality Con 💌 🙎		
Stanley Matthews	Can perform all action	Area:	Can perform all actions		
Stanley Matthews	Can handle approva	On behalf of:	Can perform all actions		
Hannah Hendricks	Can handle approva				
Siún Moynihan	Can perform all action	Active	Can handle approvals		
Ireene Todd	Can perform all action				
lshwar Tagore	Can perform all action				
			OK Cancel		

Create new "On behalf of" rights

Figure 30: Assigning "on behalf of" rights for all areas

If a user is given rights to process approvals e.g. for their manager, it is possible to specify where approval notifications are received (add-on module).



The notification can be sent to the user's personal inbox, all the user's inboxes or a specific unit's inbox.

half of 🛛 🗕 🗖	>
Quinn Campbell (Case manager, Quality Con 🔻	2
Can handle approvals	▼
⊘ Carmen Collins (Case manager, Quality Co▼	2
The user's inbox	•
The user's inbox	
All the user's inboxes	
Specific unit inbox	
	Quinn Campbell (Case manager, Quality Con ▼ Can handle approvals ⊘ Carmen Collins (Case manager, Quality Co ▼ The user's inbox The user's inbox All the user's inboxes

Figure 31: Select the location for approval notifications

ᇶ On behalf of 🛛 🗕 🗖 🗙			
User:	Ireene Todd (Case manager, IT Office)	20	
Area:	Can handle approvals	•	
On behalf of:	Ishwar Tagore (Decentralised role, Test unit) 🕶	22	
Notification:	Specific unit inbox	•	
Unit:	Test unit (Decentralised role)	•	
Active	Test unit (Decentralised role)		
	IT Office (Case manager)		

Figure 32: Select a specific inbox

User:	Ireene Todd (Case manager, IT Office)
Area:	Can handle approvals
On behalf of:	Ishwar Tagore (Decentralised role, Test unit) 🕶
Notification:	Specific unit inbox
Unit:	Test unit (Decentralised role)
Active	19/02/2021 7 - 26/02/2021

Figure 33: Assign "On behalf of" rights for processing approvals

can be selected.

When selecting a specific unit inbox, the "Unit" field appears. Here, the relevant unit inbox

The "on behalf of" access can be given a duration. If a duration is not set, the access is active from the time it is assigned until it is removed again.

Click on **OK** to complete.



Managing emails

F2 offers several variants of email integration with commonly used email systems.

Email settings can be configured in F2 on different levels: authority, unit and user. Using the add-on module F2 Shared mailboxes it is possible to create and set up shared mailboxes/email addresses for each unit.

This section describes the administrator's options for setting up emails during installation and during the ongoing work in F2.

Emails for users are set up during the installation of F2.

Setting up mailboxes for authorities and units

This section describes how unit mailboxes are set up for an F2 authority and its units. A unit mailbox is a mailbox that belongs to a unit or authority in F2, for example an HR unit inbox for inquiries regarding HR cases.

Unit mailboxes may be automatically imported into F2 from a shared email address in e.g. Exchange. An administrator can facilitate this from the "Properties for the unit" dialogue as shown in the figure below.



Figure 34: The "Units and users" menu item

On the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab, click on the **Units and users** menu item. Select the relevant unit from the tree structure in the dialogue and click on **Properties**.



The "Administration"_ unit is selected	Unit Users Unit Users Unit Select unit Select unit Administration Gatantistration Guality Guality Secretarist of the management	(Department) Properties Move Remove Creation Create unit under 'Administration' Create		×	– Select "Properties"
		Unit types Edit	Close		

Figure 35: The "Units and users" dialogue

The "Properties for the unit [the name of the unit/authority]" dialogue opens as shown below.

Select the "E	mail settings" tab		
Properties for the u	nit Administration		\times
General Email set	tings		
Email account			
Account:			
Mail server:			
	Get email	Receive email externally	
		will be sent, when a request is sent to the	
Reading marks	the number of unread for the	units inbox	
		OK Cance	I

Figure 36: Setting up a unit inbox

Fill in the following fields on the "Email settings" tab to create a unit inbox for an authority or a unit:

Field	Description
"Account"	Enter the email address for the mailbox in the email system.



Field	Description
"Mail server"	Enter the name of the mail server. The organisation's IT department will know this.
"Get email"	Tick this box and all incoming emails will automatically be imported from the email server to the unit's inbox in F2.
"Receive email externally"	Tick this box and all incoming external emails for the unit will be received in an external email system such as Outlook. This includes emails sent to the unit inbox internally in F2.
	None of the other communication channels are affected by this choice, which means that e.g. chats, approvals and records for which the responsibility is reallocated are still kept only in F2.
"External info mail"	Insert a participant from the unit's external email here, and they will receive a notification email when the unit receives an email or a request in F2. The participant also receives a notification email if a change is made to a request.
	This allows a third party recipient to receive and respond to requests, e.g. using Outlook. The recipient receives an email with the request as a PDF whenever a request is sent or edited. This external notification email also has a data file attached. The data file is how F2 recognises the reply as a group request reply when it is sent.
	External notification emails are mainly used in connection with group requests (add-on module). For more information, see F2 Group Request – User manual.
	Note : The data file must be attached to the response, otherwise F2 will be unable to recognise it as a group request reply.
"Read markings"	Tick this box to hide the number of unread emails in the unit's inbox next to its name in F2's main window.

Once the fields are filled in, F2 is able to import emails from the specified email address. Records are automatically created for the imported emails and the specified unit is set as the recipient.



Imported emails are automatically moved to the "Moved to F2" folder. Emails sent to the shared email address are placed in the "Unit inbox" om F2 so everyone in the unit can view them.

Create suffixes in the subject field of external emails

An administrator can configure the subject field of outgoing emails to contain either the record ID or the case number.

The purpose of attaching a record ID/case number as a suffix in the subject field is:

- To give the recipient a point of reference to the mail for later use.
- To automatically relate an email sent from F2 to an externally received reply.
- To automatically attach a reply email to the case of the original email.

The subject field for all of the authority's outgoing emails is configured on the "Email settings" tab in the "Properties for the unit" dialogue. Select the "Administrator" tab and then click on the **Units and users** menu item to open the dialogue. Choose an authority from the list and click on **Properties**.

	Properties for the unit Departementet	×
Set up case and record relations for outgoing emails and replies		
	UK Can	cei

Figure 37: Configure the subject field for emails

The "Suffix for the subject" field found under the "Subject field" header is used to link outgoing emails' subject field to the record ID or to the sent email's case.



To add a suffix in an email's subject field for all outgoing emails in an authority, the fields below must be filled in. The suffix is critical for how the sent email is linked to the original record or case.

Field	Description	
"Suffix for the subject"	This field makes it possible to link the subject field on outgoing emails to the record ID or to the sent email's case.	
	The following can be inserted in the field:	
	 Insert "{IdNr}" in the field to include the record ID in the subject field on outgoing emails. 	
	 Insert "{F2CaseNumber}" in the field to include the case number for the email's case in the subject field on outgoing emails. 	
	 Insert "{IdNr}{F2CaseNumber}" in the field to include both the record ID and the case number in the subject field on outgoing emails. 	
"Relate imported email as reply to	Tick this box if F2 should relate an answer to the original email to its record ID.	
original records"	The field is only active when "{IdNr}" is inserted in the "Suffix for the subject" field.	
"Assign imported email to case"	Tick this box if F2 should attach an answer to the original email to its the case.	
	The field is only active when either "{IdNr}" or "{F2CaseNumber}" is inserted in the "Suffix for the subject" field.	
"Abbreviation"	In this field a unique name must be entered in order to identify the email as affiliated with the organisation. The customer abbreviation is not displayed in the subject field, but will be included in the email's metadata.	
	This field is filled in in cooperation with cBrain.	

Note: If only "{F2CaseNumber}" has been inserted in the "Suffix for the subject" field, a reply cannot be related to the original email record ID.

Static text can be inserted in the subject field. This text is added to all outgoing emails together with e.g. an ID or case number. The static text can e.g. be an abbreviation of an authority's name.

For example: "FM - ID-no: {IdNr}, case no.: {F2CaseNumber}"

The text outside the curly brackets will be inserted on all outgoing emails. The text inside the curly brackets will be replaced with the relevant record ID and case number.



Set up automatic transfer of replies to F2 emails

It may be desirable to receive replies to emails sent from F2 in F2, while other emails are managed in e.g. Outlook. In this case, Outlook can be configured to automatically place emails that are replies to emails sent from F2 in the "Move to F2" folder. The emails are then transferred to the F2 inbox. This configuration is done in the email system.



Roles in F2

Privileges let a user perform different tasks in F2. They are given to a user through the assignment of role types. For example, if a user must be able to delete notes, the user must be assigned a role type containing the "Can delete notes" privilege.

F2 comes with a number of role types, including four administrator roles. An administrator with the "User administrator" or "Administrator" role type can also create new role types.

The integrated role types in F2 are described below.

Administrator roles

The following section describes the available administrator roles and the associated privileges.

When F2 is installed a user with the "Administrator" role is created simultaneously. Additional users must be created afterwards. If an additional authority is created within an F2 installation, another user with the "Administrator" role must be created as with the first authority. The administrator user created for the second authority will then perform relevant tasks in this authority.

There are four integrated administrator roles:

- Administrator
- User administrator
- Business administrator
- Technical administrator.

An administrator's tasks can be changed by either assigning or removing privileges from each role type. Read more about assigning privileges to role types in the section *Assign a privilege to a role type*.

The assignment of the individual privileges is listed below.

The "Administrator" role type has the following privileges:

- Access to cPort
- User administrator
- Distribution list editor
- Extra email administrator
- Keyword creator
- Unit administrator
- Unit type administrator
- Flag administrator



- Settings administrator
- Can import documents from the server (add-on module)
- Can import parties
- Meeting forum administrator (add-on module)
- Editor of participants
- Privilege administrator
- On behalf of administrator
- Result list administrator
- Security group administrator
- Template administrator
- Progress codes administrator (add-on module)
- System messages administrator
- Search administrator
- Team administrator
- Team creator
- Value list administrator.

The above privileges cannot be removed from the "Administrator" role type. However, additional privileges may be added.

The "User administrator" role type comes with the following privileges. These privileges may be removed, or additional privileges may be added, by a user with the "Privilege administrator" privilege:

- User administrator
- Extra email administrator
- Keyword creator
- Unit administrator
- Unit type administrator
- Flag administrator
- Settings administrator
- Can import documents from the server (add-on module)
- Can import parties
- Meeting forum administrator (add-on module)
- Editor of participants
- Privilege administrator
- On behalf of administrator



- Security group administrator
- System message administrator
- Team administrator
- Team creator.

As a standard, the "Business administrator" role type has the following privileges. These privileges may be removed, or additional privileges may be added, by a user with the "Privilege administrator" privilege:

- Access to cPort
- Distribution list editor
- Keyword creator
- Unit type administrator
- Flag administrator
- Can import documents from the server (add-on module)
- Meeting forum administrator (add-on module)
- Template administrator
- Progress codes administrator (add-on module)
- Value list administrator.

As a standard, a "Technical administrator" role type has the following privileges. These privileges may be removed, or additional privileges may be added, by a user with the "Privilege administrator" privilege:

- Result list administrator
- Search administrator

The different privileges are described in the *Privilege overview* section.

Other integrated role types in F2

The "Can delete everything on cases" role

Users who are assigned the "Can delete everything on cases" role by an administrator are able to delete a case regardless of the state of its records. When a case is deleted, a report with its case and record information appears in the user's inbox. For further information on the case deletion process, see *F2 Desktop – Cases*.

Assigning roles

A user in F2 must have one or more roles. A role contains one or more privileges in a given authority, allowing the user perform different tasks within.

F2 is installed with an Active Directory (a central administration of users) integration. As a standard, F2 uses one of two possible AD integrations:



- "Full integration" in which roles and privileges in F2 are controlled using AD. As a standard it updates F2's users once a day.
- "Standard integration" in which an administrator must assign updated users to their respective units.

The following sections are based on an F2 installation with a standard AD integration, i.e. the users are set up manually.

Assign a role to a user

Roles are assigned to a user through the "Properties for the user [Name]" dialogue. Open the dialogue by clicking on the **Units and users** menu item. The user's master data can also be added here.

The step by step guide below describes how Klaus Salomon from Quality is assigned the business administrator role.

After clicking on the **Units and users** menu item in the "Administrator" tab, click on the **Users** tab in the dialogue.

Find and select the user who needs a new role, in this case Klaus Salomon.

Click on **Properties**.

Unit Users Users Select user Other authoritie Doc Organistation Occodinin (Case manager) Occodinin (Case manager) Kalle Aflason (Department head) Kalle Aflason	Selected user Klaus Salomon Properties — Deactivate Creation <u>Q</u> reate user]		 The properties for the user Klaus Salomon
--	---	---	--	---

Figure 38: Select user



In the "Properties for the user Klaus Salomon" dialogue, click on the **Roles** tab and then on **Add role**.

	The "Roles" t	ab			
Pr	operties for the user Kl	aus Salomon			\times
	Information Roles				
	Role	Role category	Decentralise	Unit	
	Mailing list ovner			Private	
	Case manager	job		Quality	
	Administrator			Doc Organistaion	
	Parties editor			Quality	
	Can edit case guide			Quality	
	Add role Re	move			
				OK Can	cel

Add a role to the user

Figure 39: Assign a role to the user

To add a role first select a "Role type", in this example "Business administrator". Next select a unit to which the role must be applied. In this case it is the "Quality" unit.

Click on **OK** to assign the role to Klaus Salomon.

	Add role to	Klaus Salomon		-		×
	Unit:					
		ty Other authorities	External parties			
Select – unit	Digit • <mark>Qua</mark> l	nistration al Authority	ent			
Select -	Role type:	Business administrato	r			\sim
role type		Editing Templates ar		Ж	Canc	el

Figure 40: Assign a role type to a user



The role is now assigned and appears in the overview of the user Klaus Salomon's roles and job roles.

To remove a role from a user, select the role and click on **Remove**. The role is then removed from the user.

	Properties for the user Kla	us Salomon			×
	Role	Role category	Decentralise	Unit	1
	Mailing list ovner			Private	
	Case manager	job		Quality	
	Administrator			Doc Organistaion	
	Parties editor			Quality	
	Can edit case guide			Quality	
New role — added	Business administrator			Quality	
	Add role Rer	nove			
				OK Cancel	
-	Re	move role			

Figure 41: Add/remove a role from a user

Note: It is important to select the correct unit for the user's role. The role and its location determine which privileges the user has in a given unit.

Create and assign role types

An administrator can create role types as needed. To create new role types, the administrator must have either the "User administrator" or "Administrator" role type.

To view available role types, click on the **Role types and privileges** menu item in the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab.

A dialogue opens and a list of the organisation's role types can be seen clicking the drop-down arrow in the "Role type" field.

Role types and privileges	
Extra unit emails	
Role types and privileges	
🙎 Show security groups	

Figure 42: The "Role types and privileges" menu item

In this dialogue role types can also be created and edited. To create a new role type, click on **New role type**, and to edit a role type click on **Edit role type**.



			Edit rol	e type			
View role	types	New	role type				
😽 Role types and privilege	5				-		\times
Role type: Staff security	group ~		New role type				
Role category:			Edit role type				
Description:							
Active:							
Organisation title	Privilege type		Group	name			
Digital Authority	Archive access	Staff security group					
New privilege E	idit privilege Delete p	rivilege				Close	

Figure 43: Role types and maintaining them

Click on **New role type** to open the "New role type" dialogue which is used to create new role types. Add the following in the dialogue:

- The name of the role type.
- A description of the role type's function e.g. "Access to edit templates and keywords".
- The synchronisation key if using full AD integration.
- Tick the "Active" box to activate the role type so it can be assigned to users.

🚏 New role type	– 🗆 X
Name Description	
Synchronisation key	Active Job
	OK Cancel

Figure 44: The "New role type" dialogue

If the "Active" box is unticked, the role type is deactivated. This means the role type can no longer be assigned.

If the "Job" box is ticked, this role type can be used to log into F2. A user must have at least one job role to log into F2.

In order for a user to perform extended actions in F2, one or more privileges must be assigned to one of their role types. This is described in the *Privileges* section.

Note: The "Job" box must be ticked during creation for the role to become a job role. It <u>cannot</u> be ticked after the role is created.

Note: A role type cannot be deleted, only deactivated.



Privileges

It is not possible to assign a privilege to a user directly. A privilege must be assigned to a role type, which can then be assigned to a user. This mean that all users that are assigned a given role type will have its privilege(s).

Assigning privileges to role types requires the "Privilege administrator" role type.

Privileges and role types are managed in the "Role types and privileges" dialogue. Open the dialogue from the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab by clicking on the **Role types and privileges** menu item.

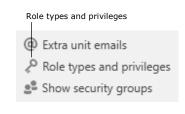


Figure 45: The "Role types and privileges" menu item

The organisation's appointed privilege administrator can distribute privileges to role types and assign authorities and security groups. It is not possible to create, delete or edit the names or rights of the privileges.

In the "Role types and privileges" dialogue, new roles can be created and assigned privileges. Read more about managing role types in the *Assigning roles* section.

Assign a privilege to a role type

Here, privileges are assigned to a role type. Select a role type that needs a privilege assigned in the "Role type" field, e.g. "Staff security group" as shown in the figure below.

Select	role type					
😽 Role types and privilege	;			-		×
Role type: Staff security g	tronb ~		New role type			
Role category:			Edit role type			
Description:						
Active:						
Organisation title	Privilege type		Group name			
Digital Authority	Archive access	Staff security group				
New privilege E	dit privilege Delete p	rivilege			<u>C</u> los	e

Add a new privilege to the selected role type

Figure 46: The "Role types and privileges" dialogue

Click on **New privilege** and the "New privilege" dialogue opens. See the figure below.



Select a new privilege to add to the role type in the dialogue. Also select which authority to which the privilege must be applied. A security group can also be attached to the privilege.

📝 New privileo	je		>
Privilege type:	Archive access		~
Authority:	Departement		~
Security group:			~
		ОК	Cancel

Click on **OK** to finish.

Figure 47: The "New privilege" dialogue

All users with the "Staff security group" role now have archive access to the security group in the chosen authority.

Edit or remove privileges from a role type

Privileges can be edited or removed from a role type. To do this, select a privilege in the list of current role type's privileges, e.g. "Archive access", as shown in the figure below.

			5	Select p	rivilege					
🔒 Role types a	nd privileges	;						-		×
Role category:	Staff security <u>c</u>	Iroup	~			New role type Edit role type				
Organisatio	on title	Privilege	e type			Group na	me			
Digital Authority New privilege	ə E	Archive access	Delete p	Staff secu privilege	niy group				Clos	5 0
	Edit th privile	ne selected ge	Delete t privilege		ted					

Figure 48: Edit or delete a privilege

Edit an existing privilege by clicking on **Edit privilege**. The "Edit privilege" dialogue opens. See the figure below.

Select another privilege, another	📝 Edit privilege	:	×
authority or another security group.	Privilege type:	Archive access	~
	Authority:	Digital Authority	~
Click on OK to finish.	Security group:	Staff security group	~
			OK Cancel

Figure 49: The "Edit privilege" dialogue



An existing privilege is removed from the current role type by clicking on **Delete privilege**. The action cannot be undone and no warning appears.

Privilege overview

The privilege list is the same for all F2 installations (if using the same version of F2). Some privileges are only available if the relevant add-on module is active.

An administrator with the "Privilege administrator" privilege can assign privileges and their associated rights to users via role types. Privileges and associated rights are presented in the table below.

To see a list of available privileges, click the drop-down arrow in the "Privilege type" field which appears in both the "New privilege" and the "Edit privilege" dialogues. See the figure below.

Privilege type:	Archive access	~
	Archive access	^
Authority:	Creates cases	_
	Keywords creator	
Security group:	Distribution list editor	
,,,,	Administrator read access to all records	
	Editor of participants	
	Can edit ext. participant No	
	 System message administrator 	
	Closer cases	
	Reopener case	
	Can change responsible on all records	
	SSN Synchronizer	
	CSearch access	
	Can delete notes	
	Can add/change/remove task guides in existing cases	
	Process editor	
	Can quality assure cases	1
	Team creator	
	Can change responsible on all cases	
	Can see access information	
	Does not have meeting planner active in F2 Manager	
	Does not have submissions active in F2 Manager	
	Does not have approval active in F2 Manager	
	Does not haven bookmarks active in F2 Manager	
	Decentral unit and user administrator	
	CBrainInstaller	
	CBrainSuperSetter	
	CBrainSetter	
	F2Setter	
	Phrase administrator	×

Figure 50: Assignable privileges

Privilege	Description
Access to cPort	Provides access to use cPort.
	Exports are made across access levels and security groups. They do not show content, only titles and records.



Privilege	Description
Administrator read access to	Can read all records in F2 despite the access levels.
all records	For further information, see the section Administrator read access to all records.
Archive access	Assigns a role to a security group. This lets an administrator add participants to security groups.
	Read more in the Archive access section.
Can add/change/remove case guides in existing cases (add-on module)	Can edit the case guides for existing cases.
Can change responsible on all cases	Can change the responsible user/unit on a case.
Can change responsible on all records	Can change the responsible user/unit on a record. This privilege is meant for users who allocate many records and may need to reallocate responsibility, e.g. if responsibility on a record has been allocated to the wrong user/unit.
Can delete cases	Can delete cases under certain conditions.
	These conditions are listed in F2 Desktop – Cases.
Can delete notes	Can delete record notes.
Can delete shared records for everyone	Can delete a record for everyone, even if the record is shared.
	For further information, see the manual F2 Desktop – Management and Organisation.
Can edit case templates (add-on module)	Can edit case templates. These are used by the organisation's user when filling out the "New case" dialogue. Read more in F2 Case Template Editor – User manual.
Can edit ext. participant no.	Can edit an external participant's synchronisation number.
Can import documents from the server	Can import documents from the server, if this is configured.
(add-on module)	The configuration is done in cooperation with cBrain.



Privilege	Description
Can import participants	Can import external participants.
Can quality assure cases (add-on module)	Can quality assure cases on the case tab.
Can see access information	Can see access information for records (right-click function), i.e. who can view the records, and how they received the access.
	Read more in F2 Desktop – Records and Communication.
Can send on behalf of everybody in the authority	Can send records both internally and externally on behalf of all users and units in the authority.
CBrainInstaller	Can perform configuration changes in the F2 installation.
	cBrain recommends that all configurations are done in cooperation with cBrain.
CBrainSuperSetter	Can perform configuration changes in the F2 installation.
	cBrain recommends that all configurations are done in cooperation with cBrain.
CBrainSetter	Can perform configuration changes in the F2 installation.
	cBrain recommends that all configurations are done in cooperation with cBrain.
Closer cases	Can complete cases.
Creates cases	Can create new cases.
cSearch access	Can perform searches using the add-on module
(add-on module)	cSearch.
Decentral unit and user	Can create decentral units.
administrator	Can assign decentral roles to existing users for selected levels in the organisation.
Distribution list editor	Can create and edit the shared distribution lists in F2.



Privilege	Description
	For further information, see the section <i>Distribution list editor</i> .
Does not have approvals active in F2 Manager	Cannot see approvals in F2 Manager.
(add-on module)	
Does not have bookmarks active in F2 Manager	Cannot see bookmarks in F2 Manager.
(add-on module)	
Does not have meeting planner active in F2 Manager (add-on module)	Cannot see the meeting planner in F2 Manager.
Editor of participants	Can create, edit and delete external participants as well as change the images for external participants.
	Note : The privilege MUST be attached to a node under external participants.
	Read more in the Editor of participants section.
Extra email administrator (add-on module)	Can create extra emails for units.
F2Setter	Can perform configuration changes in the F2 installation.
	cBrain recommends that all configurations are done in cooperation with cBrain.
Flag administrator	Can create, edit and delete flags.
Keyword administrator	Can create, edit and delete keywords as well as assign keywords to a unit.
	For further information, see the section <i>Administration of keywords</i> .
Meeting forum administrator (add-on module)	Can create, edit, deactivate, activate and delete meeting forums.
No case help for saving or sending records	Will not see the case help when sending or saving a record.
	For more information, see the section <i>No case help</i> for sending or saving records.



Privilege	Description
On behalf of administrator	Can create and delete "on behalf of" privileges for all users.
Phrase administrator (add-on module)	Can edit phrases for merging documents.
Privilege administrator	Can create new roles and assign, remove and edit privileges for a role.
Process editor (add-on module)	Can start the Process editor tool. This tool is used for editing case guide templates.
Progress code administrator (add-on module)	Can create, edit and delete progress codes.
Reopener case	Can reopen cases.
Result list administrator	Can create standard column settings for all users.
Search administrator	Can create saved searched for all users. If the F2 Search Templates add-on module has been configured, users with this privilege will be able to view search templates. Search templates are configured in cooperation with cBrain.
Security group administrator	Can create, edit and delete security groups.
Settings administrator	Can create, edit and delete user settings along as well as assign them to individual users, new users and from the users' roles.
SSN Synchronizer (add-on module)	Can access the SSN register via the properties dialogue for participants and users and update participant information from there.
System message administrator	Can create, edit and delete system messages.
Team administrator	Can create, edit and delete teams.
Team creator	Can create teams across the authority.
Template administrator	Can create, edit and delete document templates and global approval templates (add-on module).



Privilege	Description
Unit administrator	Can create, edit, move and deactivate units.
Unit type administrator	Can create and delete unit types.
User administrator	Can create and edit users and edit user images.
Value list administrator	Can create, edit and delete value lists.

Further explanation of selected privileges

The following sections describe selected privileges in further detail.

Administrator read access to all records

This privilege should be treated with caution. A user with this privilege can search and find all records within their authority except for the records in the users' "My private records" lists.

📝 New privilege	e	×
Privilege type:	Administrator read access to all records	~
Authority:	Doc Organisation	~
Security group:		
	OK Cancel	

Figure 51: The "Administrator read access to all records" privilege

This privilege can be used e.g. when an employee leaves the organisation and the records for which they are responsible must be reallocated.

Read access to all records are disabled by default. A user with the privilege can enable it via the menu item in the "Misc." group omn the administrator tab.

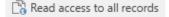


Figure 52: The "Read access to all records" menu item

Archive access

The purpose of this privilege is to attach a group of users to a security group within an authority. It must be decided which role type is to be connected to the security group.



📝 New privilege	2	×
Privilege type:	Archive access	~
Authority:	Digital Authority	~
Security group:	Staff security group	~
		OK Cancel

Figure 53: A new privilege type - "Archive access"

A user with a role containing the above privilege becomes a member of the security group. This privilege is attached to a role type and describes an interconnection between a security group and an authority.

Creates cases

Users can create new cases in F2 if they have a role to which the "Create cases" privilege is attached. The privilege depends on a connection between a role type and an authority. In other words, the access to create cases is subject to an authority.

📝 New privilege			×
Privilege type:	Creates cases		\sim
Authority:	Digital Authority		\sim
Security group:			
		ОК	Cancel

Figure 54: The "Creates cases" privilege

This means that users with this privilege can create new cases in the selected authority only.

Distribution list editor

All users can create personal distribution lists. However, only users with a role to which this privilege is attached can create and manage shared distribution lists in F2.

📝 New privilege	2		×
Privilege type:	Distribution list editor		~
Authority:	Doc Organisation		~
Security group:			
		OK Cano	el

Figure 55: The "Distribution list editor" privilege



The editing distribution lists is described in the manual *F2 Desktop – Settings and Setup*.

Editor of participants

Users who have a role with this privilege can view and edit all external participants. External participants are shared across authorities.

All users can create private participants, but only users with a role to which this privilege is attached can manage the shared external participants in F2.

📝 New privilege	2		×
Privilege type:	Editor of participants		~
Authority:	Doc Organisation		~
Security group:			
		OK Cancel	

Figure 56: The "Editor of participants" privilege

Keyword administrator

All users can add existing keywords to records and cases. However, only users with a role to which this privilege is attached can manage keywords in F2. This means that this privilege lets the user create new keywords, deactivate and change the name of existing keywords.

📝 New privilege	2		×
Privilege type:	Keyword administrator		~
Authority:	Digital Authority		\sim
Security group:			
		OK Car	ncel .:

Figure 57: The "Keyword administrator" privilege

For further information on keywords in relation to departments and authorities, see the *Keywords* section.

Note: Keywords work across all the authorities in an F2 installation.

No case help for sending or saving records

A user with this privilege will not see the case help when sending or saving records. This means any changes to metadata that are otherwise enforced by the case help will not apply to these actions when performed by said user. Other instances of the case



help still apply. Depending on their setup, this means new records created by the user will have the case help box ticked and have the user listed as responsible for the record.

Note: Any user with this privilege may save and send records that do not meet the organisation's guidelines. Use caution when assigning this privilege.



Security groups

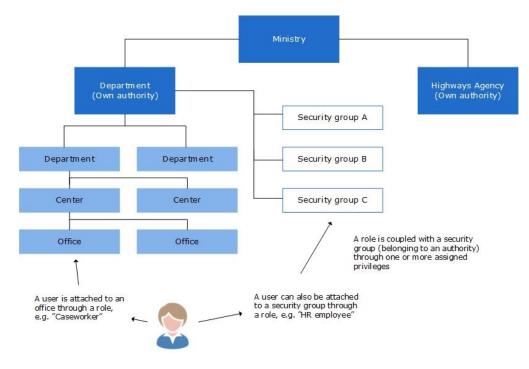
Security groups are used to limit the access to data in F2. An administrator with the "Security group administrator" privilege can manage the organisation's security groups. Users must have a role with a privilege pertaining to a specific security group to be included in that group. A number of roles can refer to the same security group.

Use the following approach to create a security group:

- 1. Create a security group in the menu of **Units and Users**. The "Security groups" tab is found in the "Units" dialogue.
- When the security group is created, it must be assigned one or more privileges. Click on New privilege under Role types and privileges to assign a new privilege.
- 3. Users can then be attached to the security group by assigning them a role type with the relevant privilege using the menu item **Units and users**.

For a more detailed description, see the *Create a security group* section.

All security groups created by an administrator are subject to an authority as they are created as a special unit type in F2's organisational structure.



An overview of the creation of security groups is displayed below.

Figure 58: Security groups are created under an authority

A security group is placed one level under its authority. The figure below shows how the security group "Authority security group" is placed under the "Digital authority".



Unit	Selected units
Select unit	Authority security group (Security group)
My authority Other authorities Security groups	Properties
 Departement ⇒ Digital Authority 	Move
Authority security group Staff security group	Bemove
Doc Organistaion	Creation
	<u>C</u> reate
	Unit types
	Edit

Figure 59: Authorities and security groups

Once a security group is established, users can be assigned to the group. This task is performed by a user who has the "Security group" privilege.

Only the users who are a member of a security group can add or remove the security group to/from the "Access restriction" field for cases or the "Access limited to" field on a record.

Note: If a user has full write access to a record or case and they are included in its access limitation, the user can remove any attached security groups. This includes security group of which the user is not a member.

Create a security group

Security groups are created and edited in the "Units and users" dialogue. In the main window, click on the "Administrator" tab and then on **Units and users** to open the dialogue.



Figure 60: The "Units and users" menu item



In the "Units and user" dialogue click on the **Security groups** tab. Security groups are created under an authority. Select an authority in which to place the security group and click on **Create**.

Provide the security group with a name and click on **OK** to complete.

The "Security groups" tab	Create
Units and users	:
Unit Users	
Unit	Selected units Digital Althority (Authority) Properties. Remove Creation Create a security group under Digital Authority Create Unit types Edit

Figure 61: Create a security group

The newly created security group will then appear under the chosen authority in F2's tree structure. In this example the security group is placed under the "Digital authority".

🔒 Sec	urity group	×
Name	Internal security group	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 62: The "Security group" dialogue

Note: The **Create** function is only active if an authority has been selected.

Jnits and users	- 🗆 ×
Unit Users	
Unit Select unit	Selected units Internal security group (Security group)
My authority Other authorities Security groups	Properties
 Departement Digital Authority 	Move
Authority security group Internal security group Staff security group	Bemove
	Creation
	<u>C</u> reate
	Unit types
	Edit

Figure 63: The newly created security group in F2's tree structure



As a user can have several roles, the administrator must create roles whose sole purpose is to define an association to a security group.

For example, the "Board member" role type can be attached to the "Employee security group" within the "Digital Authority".

This means that all users who are given the "Board member" role type will become a member of the "Employee security group". These users will have access to all cases and records which have their access limited to the security group.

Follow these steps to create a new security group and add a member:

- Create the security group in the "Units and users" dialogue.
- Create a new role type in the "Role types and privileges". For more information, see the *Create and assign role types* section.
- Attach a privilege to the role type that refers to the created security group and the relevant authority.
- Add the new role type to the user using the "Units and users" dialogue.

Note: If a user is not attached to a security group via a role, the user cannot see the security group and the user will not be able to assign the security group to a record.

Privileges for members of security groups are described in the Archive access section.

The following section describes how security groups and the assigned users are displayed in F2.

Show security groups

To view all security groups, click on **Show security groups** in the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab.

Records to which access is limited to a security group can only be accessed by users with roles including them in the security group. An administrator can add themself to security groups on a temporary basis if they need to search for and access records with limited access.

An administrator can view security groups created in the authority by clicking on **Show security groups**.



Figure 64: The "Show security groups" menu item



If an F2 organisation consists of several authorities, they are all displayed in the security group overview.

The security group overview can only be seen by a user with the "Security group administrator" privilege.

To see an overview of the members of a security group, right-click on the **security group** and then click on **Properties**.

	🔒 Security groups	_		×
The right-click — menu	Security groups	-	Alt+Enter	
			Close	

Figure 65: The "Security groups" dialogue

In the example to the right, Hannah Hendricks, Harper Ross, and Hector Richards are members of the "SG HR".

securit	y group –		×
Here you can vie	ew various characteristics of the security grou	p.	
Name:	SG HR		
Authority:	Doc Authority		
Participant No:	73		
Group membe	rs		
Name			
Hannah Hend	Iricks		
Harper Ross			
Hector Richar	ds		
		<u>C</u> lose	

Figure 66: Properties for a security group



Import participants and replace record participants

Import participants

Users with the "Editor of participants" privilege can use the "Import participants" menu item located in the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab in the main window.

Click on **Import participants** to open the "Import participants" dialogue. Here, external participants can be imported or updated via a CSV file – a format that is used to transfer large amounts of data between different programmes and databases.

Every line in a CSV file correlates to an external participant. If the participant already exists in F2's participant register, the participant's data will be updated with data from the imported file. If the participant does not exist, it is created in the participant register.

Import participants	-		×
Here you can import external parties from a CSV-fil a external party. If the import file contains a party th created, otherwise the existing party will be updated	at is not in the contact reg	jister, it will l	be
Select import file			
		Browse)
Select location for new party			
Please choose where in the contact register the n	ew parties should be plac	ed.	
External parties			
■-External participant			
	Add contac	Proper	ties
Import options	<u>A</u> dd contac	t <u>P</u> roper	ties
Import options	Add contact	t <u>P</u> roper	ties

Figure 67: Import participants

The following fields in the "Import participants" dialogue must be considered:

Field	Description
"Select import file"	Click on Browse to select the file.
"Select location for new participant"	Select a location for newly created participants in the participant register.
	If the participants in the import file must be placed in a new node, create it by using "Add contact".



Field	Description
"Add contact"	Opens the "Create unit" dialogue. From here a new node can be added to the participant register. The new unit can then be selected as the location for the new participants.
"Set 'Email domain belongs to participant"	Decide if the "Email domain belongs to participant" field should be ticked in the creation dialogue for the participants listed in the import file.

Click on **OK** to complete the import.

If the import file contains data for existing F2 participants, the data in F2 will be updated so they correspond to the data of the import file.

If one or more participants cannot be imported, it is possible to save a new CSV file. The new file will contain the participants that were not imported, along with an extra column containing error messages.

For further information on F2's participant register and creating external participants, see the section *The participant register*.

CSV file for importing participants

A CSV file used to import participants must contain the 31 columns from the table below. External ID and name must be filled in. The remaining columns may be empty.

#	Column heading	Description
1	External ID	The ID that is saved with the participant. If the participant is reimported, the participant with this ID will be updated with the new data from the CSV file.
2	(Not in use)	
3	Name	Name
4	Name, continued	
5	(Not in use)	
6	Contact person	
7	Address	Address
8	Address, continued	
9	Zip code	



#	Column heading	Description
10	City	
11	Country code	
12	Country name	
13	Telephone	
14	Fax/cell phone	The value in this field is saved as both a fax and a cell phone number.
15	Postage group	The postage group. Displayed on the participant along with the address.
16	Email	
17	Website	
18	CBR number	
19	CBR P number	
20	Created date	If this field is empty, the current date is used for new participants.
21	Edited date	If this field is empty, the current date is used.
22	Groupcode01	DB07 codes. The codes are saved to the participant and
23	Groupcode02	can be viewed using the participant properties dialogue.
24	Groupcode03	
25	Groupcode04	
26	Groupcode05	
27	Groupcode06	
28	Groupcode07	
29	Groupcode08	
30	Groupcode09	
31	Groupcode10	



Note that the columns above are shown in a table format. In the import file they must be formatted differently. The import file must use a semicolon as a separator between columns. For empty columns, simply do not enter anything between the semicolons. The figure below shows an example of an import file with external participants.

CSV file - Notepad			-	. 🗆	×
File Edit Format View Help					
<pre>3000;;Beskæftigelsesministeriet ;;;;Ved Stranden 8;;1061 3001;;Børne- og socialministeriet;;;;Holmens Kanal 22;;1 3003;;Erhvervsministeriet ;;;;Slotsholmsgade 10-12;;1216</pre>	1060;København K	;;3392930);;;sm@sm.dk;	;33962452	2
5005, je mer vsminister ite ;;;;510t5notmsBude 10 12;;121	, Købermavni K, , , .	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,em@em.ux,,10	092485	~
<	, Købennavni K, , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,en@en.ux,,10	092485	>

Figure 68: Import file

Note: The import file does NOT contain column headings.

Replace record participants

When importing external participants, situations can arise in which a deactivated external participant has the same email address as an active one.

It is possible to automatically replace such record participants.

Click on **Replace record participants** in the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab to perform this task.

Replace record participants	
🔹 Import participants	
Replace record parti	cipants

Figure 69: The "Replace record participants" menu item

This will replace the record participant reference (docID) to each deactivated participant on records with the newly imported active participant.

Only external participants can be replaced using this method. Internal F2 users cannot be replaced this way.

The F2 Access Restriction for Participants add-on module makes it possible to set an access restriction for external participants in F2's participant register. An external participant with access restriction can only be searched for and found by the unit who has set the access restriction.

If a participant with access restriction is replaced by a participant without access restriction, the record participant will refer to the latter. The access restriction is not changed for the participant that is replaced. Replacing record participants can only be done using email addresses.



Value lists

Value lists are lists that apply to all authorities across the organisation. Each individual value list represents a group of standardised texts used in connection with different tasks. For further information on authorities and organisations, see the section *The unit structure in F2*.

An example of a value list is the request types, which may contain texts such as:

- Office reply
- Report
- Alert
- For information.

An organisation's participant types are also managed using value lists.

Value list administration

As a standard, value lists are created in connection with the F2 installation and maintained in the "Value list administration" dialogue.

To open the dialogue, select the "Administrator" tab and click on **Value list administration** in the ribbon.

Click on the **drop-down arrow** in the "Value list administration" dialogue to select one of F2's value lists.

The figure to the right shows examples of value lists that are available in an F2 installation.

The list varies depending on the available add-on modules.

Once a list is chosen, its items are displayed in the window. Items are created as sub points for different types of value lists.

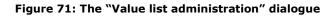
Right-click on a value list and the following options become available:

• Create item.



Figure 70: The "Value list administration" menu item

	Select value		
Value list administration	-		×
This window is used to edit a number of F2's value lists. Start by choosing the wanted you are able to perform various functions using the right click menu and drag-and-d		elow. 1	Then
Select a type			-
Action codes			
Approval types			
Flag			
Participant types			
External access			
Request types			
Annotation type			
Meeting categories			
			•
Show inactive New Y	value list	QK	





- Rename value list.
- Sort item.
- Import value list.
- Export value list

Right-click on an item below a value list and the following options become available:

- Create item.
- Rename item.
- Deactivate item.
- Selectable item.
- Sort items.
- Import/Export item.
- Properties for the value.

If "Selectable" is ticked, the text (type) can be chosen. If "Selectable" is unticked, the text (type) can still be seen, but not chosen.

Non-selectable texts are used as titles for value list nodes with subclassifications such as file plans.

This window is used to ea you are able to perform v						e list b	elow.	The
File plan								
 File plan (ld: JournalPla 	n)							
▲ Taxation								
Group I								
Group II								
Education								
Business conditions		Create						
		Rename						
		Rename Deactivate						
	Ι.,	Selectable						
	ľ	001000010						
		Sort						
		Import						
		Export						
		Properties						

Figure 72: The right-click menu of a value list

Note: A value list item cannot be deleted, only deactivated. Deactivating a value list node will deactivate all items belonging to that node as well.

Sorting value lists

In the "Value list administration" dialogue it is possible to sort value list items on any level alphabetically. Right-click on a list, and select **Sort** in the right-click menu. F2 will then sort the selected list alphabetically. Only the selected level will be sorted. Any sublevels will not be affected.



	Value list administration This window is used to edit a number of F2's you are able to perform various functions usin Participant types			x nen	
Items in the node which can be sorted	 Participant types (Id: DossierPartyType) Case leader Judge Defence lawer Lawyer Witness Show inactive 	Create Rename Sort Import Export	New value list OK		– Right-click menu



Create a new value list

Business administrators can create new value lists in the "Value list administration" dialogue. Open the dialogue and click on **New value list**.

In the "Create new value list" dialogue enter the value list's name and ID.

Value list administration	-		×
This window is used to edit a number of F2's value lists. Start by choosir you are able to perform various functions using the right click menu and		below. 1	[hen
Select a type			Ŧ
Channing the	Navoraliza Bat		
Show inactive	New value list	Qł	<

Create a new value list

Figure 74: Value list administration

Create new value list		-		×
<u>N</u> ame ID				
	<u>O</u> K		<u>C</u> ance	el



Note: Usually, new value lists will only be created in connection with the add-on modules F2 Management Cabinet, F2 Search templates and F2 Case guides. The value list ID is used in these modules when customising F2.

Value list items

Users with the "Value list administrator" privilege can import value list items via an XML file or create them directly in F2. Each value list item is defined from certain parameters which vary depending on the type of list. Three obligatory parameters exist which are shared by all value lists:

- Type
- Name



• External ID.

These are described in detail in the table below.

1

Parameter	XML code	Description
Туре	TypeId	Denotes the value list to which the item belongs.
		Example: "Flag"
Name	Title	The name of the value list item determined by its creator. Example: "Urgent".
External ID	ExternalId	An ID that must be unique for each value list item. Example: "Flag_Urgent".

1

The figure below shows an example of a value list item's XML code, in this case the code for the "Urgent" flag.

```
<EnumTypeImportExportItem>

<TypeId>DossierFlag</TypeID>

<Title>Urgent</Title>

<Description />

<ExternalId>Flag_Urgent</ExternalId>

<Applicable>false</Applicable>

<RelatedColor>#FFFF0000</RelatedColor>

<Items />

<Details />

</EnumTypeImportExportItem>
```

Figure 76: Example of value list item in XML file

Importing a value list item to F2

Value list items can be imported to F2 via an XML file. Depending on the file's content, existing value list items in F2 will be either moved or updated, and any new items will be created.

Click the **Value list administration** menu item on the "Administrator" tab. The "Value list administration" dialogue opens. Choose a list from the **Select a type** drop-down menu.

Right-click on the top node in the list and select **Import** from the right-click menu. On the figure below, the "Flag" value list has been chosen.



This window is used to edit a number of F2's valuou are able to perform various functions using t Flag			Then •
Vigent What I am currently working on Must be answered (by me) Awaiting answer (from someone else)	Create Rename Sort Import Export		
Show inactive		New value list C	K

The "Flag" value list is selected Import value list items via the right-click menu

Figure 77: Right-click menu for the "Flag" value list

Before F2 imports the file with value list items, a message is displayed informing the user of the effects of the import. See the figure below.

Importing value list elements of the type 'DossierFlag'						
Importing will perform the following changes:						
0 value list elements will be moved. 0 value list elements will be created. 11 value list elements will be updated. Do you wish to continue?						
Ε	Yes No					

Figure 78: Importing value list items

Clicking **Yes** will execute the import, and F2 will move, create and update the value list items based on the contents of the imported file.

Note: In order for the import to work, files with value list items <u>must</u> be in XML format and contain the correct formatting. The formatting appears in F2's existing value lists which can be exported and then accessed in a programme compatible with XML files.

Creating a value list item in F2

It is possible to create value list items in F2 by clicking the **Value list administration** on the "Administrator" tab. The dialogue "Value list administration" opens, and a list is selected from the **Select a type** drop-down menu.

The name of the selected list type and any items that already exist are then displayed. Right-click on **the list's name** and select **Create** to open the "Create value list element" dialogue. On the figure below the dialogue has been opened from the "Flag" value list.



📄 Va	alue list adm	nistr	ation		-		×	
			mber of F2's value lists functions using the rig		e list bel	ow. The	n	
Flag							r	
∡ Flag (le	d: DossierFlag)					-		—— The "Flag" value list
Urge	nt							
What	l am currently w	orking	ion					
Mu Aw	Create	valu	e list element	-		×		
	Name:						1	
	Description:							 Required fields
	External ID:							
	Abbreviation:							
	Colour:	_ `	*					
	Active:	\checkmark						
				OK	Cancel			
Show	nactive			New value	list	OK		

Field specific to the "Flag" list

Figure 79: Creating a value list item from the "Flag" list

Enter a name for the new value list item. F2 automatically suggests an external ID when a name has been entered. For example, a new flag with the name "Urgent" will be assigned the external ID "Flag_Urgent". However, the user may overwrite the suggested external ID.

Note: A system cannot contain two value list items with the same external ID. The external ID must be unique for each value list item.

In this dialogue it is also possible to add a description and an abbreviation to the value list item if necessary. In order to use the item, tick the "Active" box.

The above figure contains an additional field, "Colour". This field is specific to the "Flag" value list. Use this to select a colour for the newly created flag. Other value lists may have fields that are specific to them also.



Setting up flags

Users can organise their work with records by using flags for either personal or unit management in both the record and main windows. To assign a control flag to a record, see below.

Users can organise their work with records by using flags for either personal or unit management in both the record and main windows. To assign a control flag to a record, see below.

Select flag	•				
Urgent					
What I am currently working on					
Must be answered (by me)					
Awaiting ans	wer (from someone else)				

Figure 80: Example of the personal control menu on a record

Control flags are created, edited and deleted in the "Flags for personal control" dialogue. Click the **Flags for personal control** menu item in the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab to open it.

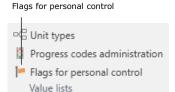


Figure 81: The "Flags for personal control" menu item

In the "Flags for personal control" dialogue an administrator can:

- Create new flags.
- Edit flag types.
- Edit flag colours.
- Change flag number sequence.
- Delete flags.

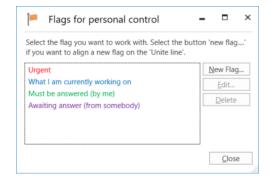


Figure 82: The "Flags for personal control" dialogue



When a new control flag is created it must be given a title, colour and priority. The priority determines the flag sequence. It is possible to search for flags e.g. in order to group them.

Click on **OK** to save the control flag.

Control flags can be used by all users in the organisation.

і п	ame flag		-		х
Flags for	personal control				
<u>T</u> itle:	High priority				
<u>C</u> olour:					v
	<u>N</u> o colour				
Priority:	1				
		<u>O</u> K		<u>C</u> ance	el

Figure 83: Name the personal control flag

If a control flag's title is changed, the change will apply to all records on which the flag is in use.

If a flag is deleted, it is removed from all records on which it is in use.

Note: If an administrator changes a flag's colour, the change can be seen in the result list immediately by pressing **Ctrl+F5**. The flag's colour in the management menu in the main window ribbon and in the right-click menu is not updated until F2 is restarted. This also applies to other changes to flags.



Keywords

Keywords help facilitate knowledge sharing within the organisation. Keywords can be assigned to records and cases, providing the organisation with a flexible method for searching for and organising information in F2.

Users with the "Keyword creator" privilege can create, manage and remove keywords in F2.

Administration of keywords

Keywords are managed using the "Keyword administration" menu item, located on the ribbon of the "Administrator" tab.

Click on the **Keyword administration** menu item to open the dialogue in which keywords can be created, deleted and/or edited. See the figure below.

Keyword administration
Neyword administration
🔊 Relevant keywords for units
 Meeting forums
Keywords etc.

Figure 84: The "Keyword administration" menu item

Note: Keywords are shared by all users in all authorities in an F2 installation.

Keyword administration				×	
Choose keyword	~				
Consultation Consultation Counsel Cas HR Lemployee case Knowledge sharing	Title: Active period: Description:	Consultation 01/01/1800	31/12/9998	Edit	— Edit keyword
Quality Control Quality assurance Quality control Quality report		New keyword group			 Create new keyword group Create a new keyword
Show inactive keywords					
			Save	<u>C</u> ancel	
			 Save		

Figure 85: Administration of keywords

Keywords are divided into keyword groups. Click on **New keyword group** to create a one.



To create a new keyword, first select a keyword group and then click on **New keyword**. The new keyword will then be placed in the chosen keyword group.

A keyword can be given a description and a duration, i.e. the keyword can be set as active for a limited period of time. Entering an end date is not required.

Only active keywords can be added on records and cases. Deactivated keywords will remain on records and cases and can still be used in searches.

Click on **Save** to create the keyword.

Note: If a keyword is used on a record or a case, it cannot be deleted in the keyword overview. However, it can be deactivated by entering an end date in the "Active period" field. In other words, a keyword cannot be used after the end date, but it can still be used in searches.

Note: If a keyword is edited, records and cases on which it is used will be updated with the edited keyword.

Relevant keywords for units

The "Relevant keywords for units" menu item on the "Administrator" tab is used to allocate specific keywords to a unit. This helps the unit's users select relevant keywords.

Relevant keywords for units
Keyword administration
🗞 Relevant keywords for units
 Meeting forums
Keywords etc.

Figure 86: The "Relevant keywords for units" menu item

The organisation may assign relevant keywords to the individual units via the "Relevant keywords for units" window, as shown below. This makes it easier for the user to select the keywords for their records and cases.

The unit keyword allocation also means that when a user starts typing a keyword, F2 automatically displays relevant keywords.



Relevant keywords for units		_ ×
Here you can edit the relevant keywords for the different units.		
Unit	All keywords	Relevant keywords for the unit 'Doc Organistaion'
Filter	Filter	A HR
▲ Doc Organistaion	▶ Consultation	Employee case
Administration	HR HR	
Quality	Counsel	
 Secretariat of the management 	Knowledge sharing	
	Quality Control	
	Drag keyword here to remove it from the list of relevant keywords for the unit 'Doc Organistaion'	Drag keyword here to add it to the list of relevant keywords for the unit 'Doc Organistaion'
		QK

Figure 87: Select keywords

The three columns in the "Relevant keywords for units" window are described below.

Column	Description
"Unit"	Shows the organisational units created in F2.
"All keywords"	Shows an overview of available keywords that can be selected/deselected for the unit chosen in the "Unit" column.
"Relevant keywords for the unit [unit name]"	Displays the keywords that are relevant for the unit chosen in the "Unit" column.

Assign keywords to a unit

To assign one or more relevant keywords to a unit, select it in the "Unit" column. Drag the keywords from the "All keywords" column to the "Relevant keywords for the unit [unit name]" column. It is also possible to add a keyword by right-clicking on it and selecting "Add keyword".

Click on **OK** to mark the keyword as relevant for the selected unit.

Remove keywords from a unit

To remove a keyword, simply drag them from the "Relevant keywords for the unit [unit name]" column to the "All keywords" column. It is also possible to remove a keyword by right-clicking on it and selecting "Remove keyword".

Click on **OK** and the keyword is no longer marked as relevant for the selected unit.



System messages

Users with the "System message administrator" privilege can create system messages that are sent to the users of F2.

This can be important messages about unscheduled downtime or other information pertaining to the performance of F2 and which affects all users.



Figure 88: The "System messages" menu item

A system message is displayed on the screen in front of all other windows if the user's F2 is active. Click on **System messages** to open system messages.

System messages can be created, edited and deleted in the dialogue that opens. There are two types of system messages:

- Start-up: The system message is only displayed when F2 is started.
- Push: The system message is pushed out to all users at a specific time. The message is displayed on the user's screen immediately.

!)		ow the list of currer tem messages.	nt system message	s is displayed. You c	an create, edit a	nd delete
rom	То	Message				
				New	Edit	Delete

Create a new system message

Figure 89: The "System messages" dialogue

The administrator can specify the system message type in the "System messages" dialogue by clicking on **New**. Select a type from the drop-down arrow in the "Type" field. Then enter a title for the system message, select when to display it and enter its content.

ype:	Push	
ïtle:	System update	
shown from:	21/11/2018 📅 16:30	
shown to:	21/11/2018	
System wil	be shut down at 17:15 to install a new patch.	

Figure 90: Create a new system message



The participant register

F2 contains a participant register that is shared by the entire organisation. It consists of participants that can be used by all F2 users regardless of unit.

To open the participant register, click on **Contacts** above the list view in the left side of the main window.

The participant register is then displayed as a tree structure in the list view, while the content of a selected list is displayed in the result list.

F2 Main window Settings	Administrator							🚨 D			
Case - Units and On behalf	tra unit emails ole types and privileges low security groups users	 Import participants Replace record participants Participants 	Value list administration	D ^{CO} _C Unit types Progress codes a Flags for persona Value lists		 Keyword administration Relevant keywords for units Meeting forums Keywords etc. 	System messages System me	CPort Document import from server Process editor Misc.			
Doc Organistaion +											
★ Favorites											2
📥 My inbox 🖸 My desktop	Name	▼ Email		SSN/CVR no	Mobile	Telephone	Address	Participant No	Unit	Role	
100 My sent records	Team Quality (Distribu	ution list)						82	Doc Organistaion		
Archive	Secretariat of the mar	nagement (Di						13	Doc Organistaion		
📑 My archive	Secretariat of the mar	nagement						12	Doc Organistaion		
Approvals	Sales team (Distributi	ion list)						63	Doc Organistaion		
<u>A</u>	Sales team							62	Doc Organistaion		
S All	Quality Control (Distr	ibution list)						25	Doc Organistaion		
Secretariat of the management	Quality Assurance (Di	istribution list)						27	Doc Organistaion		
	Quality (Distribution I	list)						11	Doc Organistaion		
Doc Organistaion	Quality							10	Doc Organistaion		
Dec Organisation	Politics (Distribution I	ist)						9	Doc Organistaion		
External participant	National Politics (Dist	ribution list)						23	Doc Organistaion		
Sa Private	IT Office (Distribution	i list)						19	Doc Organistaion		
tems: 22 - updated today 10:18 (0 minutes ago)										Case:	👌



The participant register consists of three types of participants:

- **Internal participants**: Users who are created and maintained in F2 via "Units and users". If a user is moved from one F2 unit to another, this change is applied to the participant register as well. The "Units and users" dialogue is used for managing internal participants. For more information, see the section *User administration*.
- **External participants**: Participants who are either created manually by a participant editor or automatically. F2 automatically creates an external participant when an email is sent from or received in F2 and the recipient or sender is unknown to the participant register.
- **Private participants**: Participants that are created manually by a user without the participant editor privilege are private participants. If an F2 user receives an email from a sender that is unknown to the participant register, the user can choose to place that participant in the "Private" node.

Participants created as "Private" can only be seen and maintained by the user who created them.

When an external participant is assigned to a record or a case, their information is copied over from the participant register. However, if the register is updated with new information on the participant, e.g. an address change, the records and cases on which the participant is already added are <u>not</u> automatically updated with the new address.



Participants are created in a tree structure with the organisation's name at the top, then the unit and lastly contacts.

External participants

External participants are used as senders, recipients and case participants on a record or case.

Users with either the "Editor of participants" or "Administrator" privilege can create and edit the shared external participants in F2, i.e. information on contacts and their organisation.

Using a configuration setting it is possible to allow all users to create and edit external participants. As a standard this configuration setting is disabled. Configuration is done in cooperation with cBrain.

Create external participants manually

External participants can be created manually by users with the "Editor of participants" privilege. The participants are organised in a hierarchy and can be moved around. This means that both organisations and individual contacts can be managed in the participant register.

To create a new external participant, right-click a unit in the "External participant" node. Then click **Create new participant** to create an external participant in that unit.

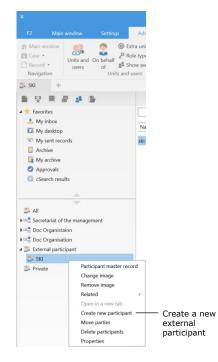


Figure 92: Create external participant

The "Create new participant" dialogue opens, and the relevant fields must be filled in. See the figure below.



Create new part	icipant
Name	
Name:	
Email address:	Email domain belongs to part.
SSN/CVR No:	
CVR P:	DB07 Codes
Replaced by:	Eind participant
Ext. particip. No:	
Location:	External participant/SKI
Access limitation o	
Unit:	Access limited
Address	
Address 1:	
Address 2:	
Post code:	City:
Country Code:	Postage group:
Jnit	
Unit type:	Eksternaal particip: V Contact person:
Telephone	
Phone:	Local No:
Mobile:	
Fax:	
Home page	
Home page Web:	

Figure 93: The "Create new participant" dialogue

Click on **OK** and the participant is registered as an external participant in the selected organisation.

Create external participant automatically

If an email is sent from or received in F2, and if the external sender or recipient is unknown to the participant register, F2 can be configured to automatically suggest creating the unknown participant in the shared participant register. To do this, click on **Setup** in the "Settings" tab in the main window. In the dialogue, tick the "Show match dialogue for unknown participants" box found under "Create participant" on the "Record" tab.

The example below shows an email sent from F2 to "Administrator". The dialogue informs the user that this participant cannot be found in the database/participant register and may either be created as a new participant or replace an existing participant.

F2 has also registered that that unknown receiver is using the domain @admin.dk, and that other participants in the participant register have the same domain. Therefore, F2 suggests placing the unknown participant in the same domain group.



_											
	💈 Save external particip	pants							-		\times
	The listed parties doe	s not exist in the data	base. You can create new p	arties or use existing par	ties.				🗹 Sh	ow rece	ivers
		participant" and select th	v participant. e participant which it shall replac pant" to define the position for the								
	Туре	Name	Email address	Location /	Create participant	B	eplace participant	With existing par	rticipant		
	Recipient	admin@admin.dk	admin@admin.dk	External particip							
	Properties Existing parties							Set locati	ion for sele	cted pa	arties
	/ Participant No	Name	Email address	Organisation	title Role	SSN/CVR no	Access limited to unit	Address 1	Addres	ss 2	- 1
	6	Administration									
	29	Ann Sekner		Administratio	n Case manager						
	<										>
	Properties Eind pa	articipant Show more	e					OK	(Canc	el

Figure 94: F2 suggests placing a new participant under an existing one

When the email domain is found on an existing participant and the box "Email domain belongs to part." is ticked, F2 suggests placing the new participant with this domain under the existing one in the tree structure. For example, the participant Ann Sekner owns the domain @admin.dk as shown to the right. Click on **OK** in the dialogue above to save "Administrator" under the same participant as Ann Sekner.

An administrator should regularly check that newly created participants are placed correctly in the external participant hierarchy.

Properties for the	participant admin@admin.dk
Name	
Name:	Ann Sekner
Email address:	admin@admin.dk
SSN/CVR No:	
CVR P:	DB07 Codes
Replaced by:	Find participant
Participant No:	102 Party type:
Ext. particip. No:	
Location:	External participant
Access limitation o	n Participant
Unit:	Access limited
Unit.	Access imited
Address	
Address 1:	
Address 2:	
Post code:	City:
Country Code:	Postage group:
Unit	
Unit type:	Eksternaal participa V Contact person:
Telephone	
Phone:	Local No:
Mobile:	
Fax:	
Home page	

Figure 95: Participant who owns an email domain

User and participant images

In the participant register images can be added, changed or removed for users, units and external participants. A user with the "Editor of participants" privilege can add, change or remove images for external participants. A user with the "User administrator" privilege can add, change or remove images for other users in the authority. A user with the "Unit administrator" privilege can add, change or remove images for units within the authority.

To add or change an image, select "Change image" in the right-click menu of the participant in the participant register. Click on **Contacts** in the navigation bar in the main window to open the participant register. Right-click on the participant and select **Change image**. To remove an image, select "Remove image" in the right-click menu.



≂ F2 Main window Settings	Administrator			
Case * Units and On behalf	tra unit emails ole types and privileges iow security groups users	 Import participants Replace record participants Participants 	Value list administration	
c€ Finance + Image:	Search for contacts h	ere		— "Contacts" on the navigation bar
▶ 🛧 Favourites Si All	Name Christopher Fletcher	▲ Email cfl@doc.gov.uk	: 	
► <\[\]> <\[\]> IT Office ▲ <\[\]> Doc Authority ▲ <\[\]> Administration	Fatima al-Safar Fion Fitzgerald	Participant master Change image — Remove image — Related	record	— Change image — Remove image
 Sommission Sinance Sinance		Properties		
 ► α^C₀ Quality ► α^C₀ Secretariat of the management ► α^C₀ Doc Organisation 				
 Sternal participant Private 				

Figure 96: Right-click on a participant

In the "Change image" dialogue, click **Browse** to select an image from either a local or external drive on the computer. Use the zoom buttons - and + to select the size of the chosen image. Then click on **OK** and the image is either added or changed.

Change image	- 🗆 ×
pecify image	
Choose an image to upload: C:\Users\Documents\image.png	Browse Click on Browse to select an
	image on the computer
	Use the zoom buttons to adju

Figure 97: The "Change image" dialogue

F2 users can change their own image through the user identification in the upper right corner of the main, record and case windows.



Teams

A team is a group of F2 users from different units within the same authority.

Teams in F2 are used for different purposes:

- As access groups in the "Limited access" field on records and cases.
- As supplementary units on a record.
- As an email, chats and notes recipients.
- As participants or stakeholders on meetings that are managed via the add-on modules F2 Manager (ad hoc meetings) and F2 Meetings.

Teams can be created by users with roles that have been assigned the "Team creator" privilege.

Teams are managed in the "Teams" dialogue. Click on **Teams** on the "Settings" tab in the main window to open the dialogue.

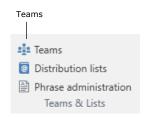


Figure 98: The "Teams" menu item

	n search for teams, start ouse over the team's title				oers.				
Search									
Title:	Teams with title conta	ining						9	×
Member:	Teams with this user a	s member	<u>.</u>	Administrator:	Teams with t	his user as administrate	or e ^e		
Title	Number of members	Administrators	Descript	tion					
HR team	3	Vibeke Villasen	Descript						
Sales team	2	Docadmin							
					New	Edit Delete	Show	Clo	se

The "Teams" dialogue opens. Here teams can be added, edited, displayed and deleted.

Figure 99: The "Teams" dialogue

Click on **New** to create a team. In the dialogue, add:



- Title.
- Description.
- One or more team administrators to maintain the team.
- A synchronisation key if the team is to be automatically updated through synchronisation. The synchronisation will often be through AD, but can also be used or other systems (e.g. cBrain's M4 system) in which the team can also be managed.
- Tick the "Active" box to activate the team so it can be used on records and cases.

	ے عود ا
Active Participant No: 77 Active Participant No: 77 Members Select a person or a distribution list Select a person or a distribution list Anders Andersen	
lect a person or a distribution list Select a person or a distribution list Anders Andersen	
Anders Andersen	1
Anne Christiansen	30
	×
Kalla Clausen	×
Kalla Clausen	

Figure 100: The dialogue in which teams are created and edited



Distribution lists

Users who have a role that is assigned the "Distribution list editor" privilege can create and manage the shared distribution lists in F2.

It is possible to add units and users (also from other F2 authorities) as well as external participants to a distribution list. A distribution list can contain a mix of participants from the user's own authority as well participants from other authorities, units and external participants.

It is also possible to add a distribution list to another distribution list, along with units, external participants and individual users. This makes it easier to maintain the distribution lists. If changes are made to the organisation it is only necessary to update the original distribution list. All distribution lists that contain the original list are then automatically updated.

Some distribution lists cannot be edited in F2. For example:

- Distribution lists that are synchronised with Exchange.
- Distribution lists for units and teams.

For more information on creating and editing distribution lists, see the manual F2 *Desktop – Settings and Setup.*

Note: Changes to a team or unit name will not be displayed on the team's or unit's distribution list. However, it is possible to edit the name of a unit's distribution list. To change the name of a team's distribution list, the team must be deleted and recreated with a new name.



Setting up the main window and the result list

The main window

This section describes how a user with the "Search administrator" privilege defines, creates and manages fixed or unit-specific searches that are displayed in the main window of the users within the authority.

Setting up fixed searches

F2 has a number of predefined standard lists (fixes searches). These are accessed on the left side of the main window. For more information about searches and the use of standard lists, see the manual *F2 Desktop – Searches*.

Fixed searches apply to one of the following:

- The individual user (location: "Personal")
- An organisational unit (location: "Unit")
- All (location: "Standard").

The last two types of fixed searches can only be created by a user who has the "Search administrator" privilege, but can be used by all users in the F2 authority. Fixed searches can also be created from saved search templates (add-on module) if they have been configured. The following sections explain how fixed searches are created.

Create fixed searches

An administrator can create a fixed search by clicking on the "Archive" list from where the search is performed. A search is then performed either as a simple search or as an advanced search.

Display the advanced search fields in the main window by clicking on the **Advanced search** menu item. A list of search groups appears. To see the search fields of a group, hover the cursor over its name or click it.



		The search fields of the selected search group I	Search field
▼ F2 Main window Settings	Administrator	cBrain AcCloud02	
Record * New approval	Image: Weight of the second	Forward Flag: Select flag Flag:	x₀ ≗ ⊠ lag: Select flag Deadline: Select date IT Office
≚ My inbox +	Show records Show cases Show	documents Show requests	
Search in lists 🔍	Search for records here Advanced search		🔍 🔲 🔍 Search criteria 👻
My inbox My desktop Approvals	Favourite search fields All search fields		
Standard Archive	Need a specific field? Start typing its na	ane here	
 ▲ My inbox ☑ My desktop ➡ My archive 	Record/case title Title ID No: Record or case status ID No: Record deadline	Content Record status Content in record or attachment Status - in pre Record deadline Personal flag From T - To T Flag	ogress/completed 🔻
V My sent records Approvals Outbox (1) Latest documents	Record or Personal flag Record or case keyword External access of record/c	External access of the record 🔻	

Figure 101: Advanced search

Fill in the relevant fields, and click on **Search** to perform the search. Click on **Save search** to save it.

The administrator chooses to make the search available either only to themself (Personal search), to all (Standard), or to selected units (Unit search). In case of a unit search, the unit must be specified. Give the search a title that correlates with the content of the search.

	H	Save new search		-		×
	<u>T</u> itle:	Meeting agendas 2018				
	~	ly visible for <u>m</u> e ible for <u>a</u> ll				
Specify _ /isibility	~	ible for units (and sub-units)				
,	S	ecretariat of the management				⊳(=
			<u>O</u> K		<u>C</u> ance	el I

Figure 102: Save a search as a unit search

Click on **OK** to save the search in the main window under the "Standard", "Personal searches" or "Unit searches" list node.

Searches can be further qualified by entering more search criteria. For example, the table below shows the interrelated values of title, location and standard searches.

Standard searches

F2 comes with a number of standard searches that the administrator can either remove or edit. If a fixed search is created for a unit, it is available for all users in the unit and any sub-units.



A search can also be made available for all users in the authority or the entire organisation (several authorities).

All users can view the standard searches on the left side of the main window.

The standard searches shown below are located the "Standard" node.

Title	Description
My inbox	My personal inbox
My desktop	Desktop: Mine
My archive	Archive: Mine
My sent records	Sent records

The standard searches below are located in the organisation's top node in which all authorities in an installation are placed. The top node can be e.g. a ministry in which a department and government agencies are placed.

Title	Description
Inbox ([unit name])	My unit's inbox
Desktop ([unit name])	My unit's desktop
Archive ([unit name])	My unit's archive
In process: Me	Being processed by me
In process: Unit	Being processed by my unit
Deadlines tomorrow: Me	The deadline for me is tomorrow
Deadlines tomorrow: Unit	The deadline for my unit is tomorrow
F2 Requests to unit	F2 Requests to my unit
F2 Requests from unit	F2 Requests from my unit
Post list: Mine – The past 2 days	My post list
Post list: Mine – The past week	My post list, weekly



Title	Description
Post list: The unit's - The past two days	The unit's post list the past two days
Post list: The unit's – The past week	The unit's post list, the past week

Delete fixed searches

Any user who creates and saves a personal search can also delete it.

If a technical administrator or an administrator creates a fixed search in either "Standard" or "Unit", it can only be deleted by an administrator.

This type of search can be deleted as shown below.

The administrator must choose to show all unit searches in the main window in order to access them. To do this, right-click on the record icon above the lists in the upper left corner of the main window. Then click on **Show all**.



Figure 103: Show all units



The main window expands to display all of F2's units. A search within a unit can then be deleted using the right-click menu.

Return to the standard view of the main window by right-clicking on **Records** and then on **Show as user**.

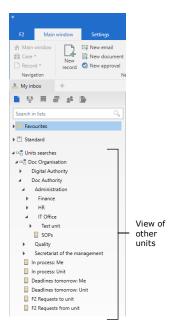


Figure 104: Unit overview

Shared folders in the main window

Shared folders can be created, edited, and deleted by all users. However, it is recommended that the administrator takes on the responsibility of maintaining the overall structure of and/or guidelines for folder composition.



Figure 105: Shared folders in the main window

Shared folders can be accessed by everyone within an authority. It is advisable to create two general folders:

- An area of responsibility or organisational folder.
- A folder for cross-organisational areas such as projects, etc.

Setting up standard column layouts for search results and folders

In F2, the result list display settings are referred to as the column layout. The column layout is used in the main, record and case windows and contains information on:

- Which columns the table contains
- Column sequence
- Column width
- Sorting sequence



• Grouping, if applicable.

F2 defines the following levels of column layout:

- **Basic column layout**: Predefined column settings that are present in F2 upon installation.
- **Global standard column layout**: Administrator-created column settings. In F2 these are called "Global standard column settings".
- **Personal standard column layout**: The users' own column settings. In F2 these are called "Standard column settings".

The following applies to all the three levels of column layout:

- The basis column layout is delivered with F2 and cannot be edited.
- If an administrator creates a new unit search, the current column layout is saved as the standard column layout for the new search.
- If an administrator creates a new standard column layout, it is applied to all users within the organisation.
- If a standard user makes changes to a column layout, it can be saved as a personal column layout (standard column settings).

Read more about personal column layouts (standard column settings) in F2 Desktop – Settings and Setup.

Create a standard column layout (global standard column settings)

A user with the "Result list administrator" privilege can define, create and maintain the standard column layouts in F2. This layout applies to all users within the organisation who have not created a personal column layout.

It is the administrator's setup of the standard column layout that determines how the result list is presented to the users. This means that an administrator can help improve the result list for F2 users.

Four different types of standard column layouts can be created based on the following views:

- Records
- Cases
- Documents
- Requests (add-on module).



The record view is selected

.₹									
F2	Main	window	Settings	Administra	ator				
 Main w Case ▼ Record Navigat 	Ŧ	Setup Setup Setu	User ettings	w: Right align ist: Top alignm View		Ŧ	 Reset layout • Save standard column layout • Edit favorites search fields Lists 	Signatures Signatures	Q Language Language
📤 Outbox	:	+							
		3 3			Show re	cor	ds Show cases Show documents	Show requ	ests

Figure 106: The view in the main window

A standard column layout is created for each view. The following elements are adjustable:

- Which columns to display
- Column sequence
- Column width
- Sorting sequence, so that results are sorted by a column, e.g. the "Responsible" field on records.
- Grouping, if applicable. The administrator decides whether auto grouping is toggled.

The following example goes through the steps of creating a standard column layout for the record view:

- 1) Click on **Records** above the result list.
- 2) Right-click on a random column and then select **Columns** from the context menu.
- 3) The "Select columns" dialogue opens. Select the wanted columns and then close the dialogue.
- 4) Rearrange the columns in the result list by dragging one column at a time. Adjust the column width by pulling on the sides of the column titles.
- 5) Select a column by which to sort the result list. In this example, the "From" column is selected.
- 6) Toggle auto grouping in the ribbon of the "Settings" tab by clicking on **Auto** grouping.

								A	uto grouping
∓ F2 Main	window Set	tings A	Administrator		cBrain A	cCloud02			
☆ Main window ☆ Case * ○ Record *	Setup User settings	Preview: Case list:	Right alignment *	 Reset layout * Save standard column layout * tdit favourite search fields 	C Signatures	() Language	 Document templates Approval templates Case templates 	 Teams Distribution lists Phrase administration 	Auto grouping groupin
Navigation	Setup		View	Lists	Signatures	Language	Templates	Teams & Lists	Grouping

Figure 107: Activate auto grouping



The created standard column layout for the record view is shown below.

			cBrain Ac	Cloud02		
F2 Main window Settings	Administrator					
☆ Main window		IIII Reset layout ▼ IIII Save standard column layout ▼ ★ Edit favourite search fields Lists	Signatures Signatures	(Janguage Language	 Document templates Approval templates Case templates Templates 	 Teams Distribution lists Phrase administrat Teams & Lists
🕼 My desktop 🕂						
	Show records Show case	es Show documents Show requ	iests			
Search in lists	Search for records here				🔍 🍸 Filter	🔹 💐 Search criteria 💌
🖌 🛨 Favourites	Title		Sortir	ig date	▼ Responsible	Case No
📥 My inbox	 Sorting date: Last week 	a 2 item(s)				
🕼 My desktop	FOI Request report (full)		12-02-2021 12:44		Ireene Todd	2018 - 3
Approvals	🗋 🕅 Versions o	f FOI request reports	12-02	-2021 11:50	Ireene Todd	2018 - 3
Standard	 Sorting date: This mon 	th: 3 item(s)				
L Standard	🗋 🛛 Team mee	ting agenda TEMPLATE	05-02	-2021 12:49	Ireene Todd	2021 - 6
🖙 🗟 Units searches	Template -	Upgrade manual	05-02	-2021 12:28	Ireene Todd	2021 - 5
▶ < <a>□ Doc Organisation (doc@cbrain.dk)	🥥 🕅 🛛 FOI Reque	st report	03-02	-2021 12:08	Ireene Todd	2018 - 3
▶ ¤ IT Office	 Sorting date: Older: 24 	item(s)				
Personal searches		esentation concerning added module on for written reply		-2017 15:35 -2017 15:34	Karin Simonsen Ann Sekner	2015 - 1

Figure 108: Created standard column layout for the record view

A standard column layout is saved via the "Settings" tab by clicking on the **drop-down arrow** in the "Save standard column layout" field located on the ribbon. Then click on **Save global standard column settings**.

						Save standard co	lumn layo
	Main		Set	tings	Administrator		
🔒 Main w 🟥 Case 🔹		Setup	S User	Preview: Case list:	Right alignment Top alignment	 Eset layout •	Cianahu
Record Navigat			settings		View	Save standard column layout	

Figure 109: Save the global column settings

The standard column layout will then be applied to all users who have not made a personal column layout (standard column settings).

Note: If a set of global standard column settings already exists, this will be overwritten when a new standard column layout is saved. It is always the most recently saved standard column layout that is applied.

The same procedure is used for creating standard column layout for case, document and request views.

The column layout

Administrators should be aware that defined standard searches need to be updated if changes (additions/deletions) are made to metadata fields in connection with an F2 update.



User settings

The "User settings" menu item provides access to defining and creating a number of user settings. User settings include user configurations, column settings, and list settings.

By default, user settings are defined using a user's existing setup and settings. It is possible to select all or parts of a user's setup, column and list settings as content for new user settings. The created user settings can be obtained by the users themselves. An administrator can also assign certain settings to selected units and role types.

A user with the "Settings administrator" privilege can create, manage and assign user settings to other users. These administrators can also assign specific role types to user settings. This means new users are automatically given a setup that corresponds to their role, while existing users will keep their own setup. This makes it possible to create user settings that differ from role to role.

If a user has multiple roles, the role priority decides which user settings is applied. Via "User settings", different user settings can be reused across the organisation.

The **User settings** menu item, located on the "Settings" tab in F2's main window, opens the "User settings" dialogue.

The "User settings" dialogue is used to manage and assign configurations and column settings to users or role types.



Figure 110: The "User settings" menu item

Administrate	e the user settings			
User settings	New	users		
User settings				
User settings Administrate	e user settings New user:			۵
User settings	Setting type	Last updated		A
Docadmin	User settings	24-06-2016 13:39		
Kasper Klausen	User settings	24-06-2016 13:39		-
Vibekes setting	User settings	11-11-2016 14:27		
Hugos Column Setting	Column settings	11-11-2016 14:31		
Case manager in Quality	User settings	11-11-2016 14:51		
Case worker	Column settings	21-02-2017 12:43		
Case Work	User settings	13-03-2017 16:09		
				Þ

Figure 111: The "User settings" dialogue

The dialogue consists of three tabs:



- "User settings". All users have access to this tab. For further information, see the manual *F2 Desktop Settings and Setup*.
- "Administrate user settings". See below.
- "New users". See the *New users* section.

Administrate user settings

The "Administrate user settings" tab is described below.

On this tab, a user with the "Settings administrator" privilege can create, manage, and assign user settings to other users.

User settings	Administrate use	r settings	New users				
New user settings	Re-fetch user settings	Assign user settings					
User settings	Setting type	• F	rom user	Visible	Last updated		
Docadmin	User settings	; D	ocadmin	4	24-06-2016 13:39		
Kasper Klausen	User setting:	: К	asper Klausen	~	24-06-2016 13:39		
Vibekes setting	User setting:	; V	ibeke Villasen	~	11-11-2016 14:27		
Hugos Column Setting	Column setti	ings H	ugo Hugosen	~	11-11-2016 14:31		
Case manager in Qualit	y User setting:	; К	laus Salomon	~	11-11-2016 14:51		
Case worker	Column setti	ings K	laus Salomon	~	21-02-2017 12:43		
Case Work	User setting:	a A	nders Andersen	~	13-03-2017 16:09		

Figure 112: The "Administrate user settings" tab

Function	Description
New user settings	Add a new user setting to the user setting list. Read more in the <i>Create a new user setting</i> section.
📝 Edit	Edit the selected user setting. Its name and visibility can be changed.
🗱 Delete	Permanently delete the selected user setting from the list.
Re-fetch user settings	Retrieve the user's latest user setup, updating the selected user setting.
Assign user settings	Assign the selected user setting to users or role types. Read more in the section Assign user settings to users or role types.

The tab has the following menu items:

The tab shows the following columns:



Column	Description
"User settings"	Displays the title of the user setting.
"Setting type"	Displays the type of user setting.
"From user"	Displays the name of the user whose user setting has been copied.
"Visible"	Shows whether the user setting is visible and retrievable to other users.
"Last updated"	Displays when the user setting was last updated.

Create a new user setting

The following section describes how new user settings are created and assigned to users. Two types of user settings exist:

- Column settings
- User settings
- List settings.

On the "Administrate user settings" tab, click on **New user settings** to open the dialogue below.

🕌 N	ew user settings	×
Name:	Case manager in HR	
User:	Harriet Robertson (Case manager, HR) 🕶	22
Type:	User settings	•
Visi	ble to users	
	Next	Cancel

Figure 113: Create a new user setting

A new user setting of the "User settings" type is created and added to the list of user settings by specifying the following:

- The name of the new user setting.
- The name of the user for whom it is set as the standard user setting.
- Select the type.
- Tick the "Visible to users" box to allow other users to retrieve the setting.

Then click on **Next**.



If "User settings" is chosen as the type, the "Setup" dialogue opens. See the *New user setting* section. If "Column settings" is chosen as the type, the "Choose column settings" dialogue opens. See the *New column settings* section. If "List settings" is chosen as the type, the "Select list settings" dialogue opens. See the *New list settings* section.

New user setting

If "User settings" is chosen as the type, the "Setup" dialogue opens. Here, the different options for the new user setting can be selected.

ider for enabling ettings for all me		Slider for enabling/disabling settings for a selected menu	
© Setup	General	- • ×	
Main window Cases Records S Record view	Desktop icons Select with icons are to be shown on your desktop Solotaut to archive folder Shortcut to archive folder Shortcut to check out folder		Item enabled
Documents Chat User	Imported email Access type for records based on automatically imported emails: Implyed	۲	
😨 Task guides	Archive record If I am responsible, then make the record as complete, when I select "Archive" If I am responsible, then make the record as complete, when I select "Archive" If I am responsible, then make the record as a folder, then ask me which actions are to be performed.	•	
	Move everything to folder Image: The record from "My inbox" and "My desktop" when I move the record to a folder Image: If I am responsible, then set record to "Complete" when I move it to a folder Image: Adv me every time I move a record to a folder, which actions to be performed	0 0	- Item disabled
	Access control Suppl. unit and case managers must have these default rights: Write		
	Preview	QK <u>C</u> ancel	ок

Figure 114: The "Setup" dialogue with sliders

It is possible to include the entire setup in a new user setting. To do this, click on the slider above the tabs in the upper left corner of the "Setup" dialogue. Once the slider is blue, the entire setup is chosen. If the slider is white, none of the user's setup options are chosen.

It is also possible to include the configuration of a single menu item in a new user setting. To do this, first click on the relevant tab on the left side and then click on slider in the upper right corner of the dialogue. All sliders for that menu item will then turn blue, indicating that all configuration options are included in the new user setting.

In addition, it is possible to include individual configuration settings on a given tab in a new user setting. Click on the relevant tab and then click on the sliders next to the settings to be included in the new user setting. The sliders for the selected settings will turn blue.

Once the wanted settings are chosen, click on OK at the bottom of the dialogue to save the settings for the user setting. The new user setting is then added to the list of



available user settings which may be retrieved by users or an administrator can assign to certain users and role types.

Note: When a new user setting is retrieved or assigned, F2 must be restarted for it to take effect.

New column settings

Selecting the "Column settings" type will open the "Choose column settings" dialogue. Here it is possible to select which lists, folders, etc., to save as column settings.

Only the columns saved by the user whose settings serve as the basis for the new standard settings will be active.

However, all views, i.e. "Show records", "Show cases", "Show documents", and "Show requests" are included. The new user will have no column settings for e.g. "Show documents" or "Show requests", if the user on which the new settings are based did not select any. The new user settings will match the chosen user setup.

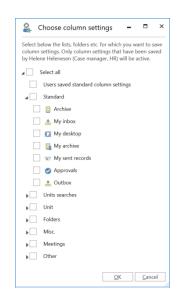


Figure 115: The "Choose column settings" dialogue

Click on **OK** to complete. The column settings will be added to the list of available user settings.

Note: It is not possible to assign or retrieve columns separately. All columns belonging to a list must be collectively assigned or retrieved.

Note: When a new column setting is retrieved or assigned as a user setting, F2 must be restarted for it to take effect.



New list settings

Selecting the "List settings" type will open the "Select list settings" dialogue. Here it is possible to select which lists, folders, etc., to save as list settings. The settings for the selected lists are included in the saved list settings.

For each selected list, the following settings are saved:

- Whether the preview is shown or hidden.
- Whether the list is showing records, cases, documents or requests.
- Case list location.
- Whether advanced search is enabled.

Only list settings that have been saved by the user whom the settings are based will be shown.

🚉 Select list settings	-		
Select the lists, folders, etc. for which to save your list settings. Only list settings saved b (Case manager, Doc Organistaion) will take effect. The following count as list settings:	y Hugo I	Hugosen	,
Display/hide preview.			
Show either records, cases, documents or requests.			
Case list alignment. Display/hide advanced search.			
Display/hide advanced search.			
Gelect all			
⊿ Standard			
Archive			
🔄 🛓 My inbox			
🗌 🔯 My desktop			
🛛 🚆 My archive			
Approvals			
🗌 📩 Outbox			
Units searches			
▶ Unit			
Folders			
Misc.			
Meetings			
	ОΚ	Canc	el

Figure 116: The "Select list settings" dialogue

Click **OK** to complete. The new list settings is then added to the list of available user settings which may be retrieved by users or an administrator can assign to certain users and role types.

Note: When a new list setting is retrieved or assigned as a user setting, F2 must be restarted for it to take effect.

Assign user settings to users or role types

There are two ways to assign a user setting:

- Assign to users: Used to assign user settings to users, units, distribution lists, and teams.
- Assign to role types: Used to assign a user setting to users with a certain role type, for example a user with the "Technical administrator" role type in a certain unit, distribution list or a team. It can also be assigned to all users with the specific role type.

Select the wanted user setting from the list on the "Administrate user settings" tab. Then click on **Assign user settings**.

A new dialogue opens. Choose between the two options "Allocate to users" or "Allocate to role type".



😩 A	ssign user settings	×
Allocate	user setting: 'Case manager in Quality' to selected users or role ty	/pes.
	Allocate to users Allocate to role type	
Users:	Kaj Kofoed (Case manager, Quality Control);	9 ⁰
Users:	Kaj Kofoed (Case manager, Quality Control);	2 ² .2

Figure 117: Assign user settings to users

If "Allocate to users" is chosen, enter the users, units, distribution lists and/or teams to receive the user setting in the "Users" field.

If "Allocate to role type" is chosen, select a role type from the drop-down menu in the "Role type" field.

😩 Assi	gn user settings	×				
Allocate user setting: 'Case manager in Quality' to selected users or role types.						
	Allocate to users Allocate to role type					
Role type:	Please select a role type	•				
Units:	Select units, distribution lists or teams	<u>.</u>				
		æ				
	Continue	Close				

Figure 118: Assign user settings to a role type

Click on **Continue**.

The users that will receive the user setting are displayed. If necessary, a message can be sent to the users added in the dialogue. Complete by clicking on **Allocate**.

😩 Assign user settings	x
These users will get the user setting 'Case manager in Quality':	
Klaus Salomon	
Message to users: (optional)	
Dear Klaus,	A
We hereby inform you that your existing user settings will be replaced with the standard user setting for case managers in your unit.	
Best regards,	Ŧ
Allocate	Cancel

Figure 119: Send a message to the selected users

The user setting is then assigned to the selected user(s). This is shown in the "Assign user settings" dialogue. A green ribbon appears with the text "The default user setting



was pushed to [number] user[s]". See the figure below. From here, more users can be assigned the same user setting. Close the dialogue by clicking on **Close**.

😩 Assig	gn user settings	×			
Allocate user setting: 'Case worker' to selected users or role types.					
	The default user setting was pushed to one user				
	Allocate to users Allocate to role type				
Role type:	Please select a role type	Ŧ			
Units:	Select units, distribution lists or teams	9 ⁰			
	Continue	Close			

Figure 120: The dialogue after assigning a new user setting

Users will automatically receive a record in their inbox, when they are assigned a new user setting.

The record contains the following information:

- The user's existing configuration has been updated with a user setting.
- The time and date for the update.
- A message from the administrator, if any.

Note: F2 must be restarted for newly assigned or retrieved user settings to take effect. The assigned user settings will overwrite any changes to the user setup performed by the user themselves.

New users

The following section describes the "New users" tab in the "User settings" dialogue.

Using this tab, a user with the "Settings administrator" privilege can assign a user setting to a role type. As a result, new users are automatically given user settings assigned to their specific role type.

This means that a "Department head" role type can have different user settings than e.g. the "Case manager" role type.

User settings	Administrate user settin	gs New users			
Save Connect the settings to		 Move upward Move downward 			
solely to new use	rs - existing users keep thei types (for users who have r	r own setup. nultiple roles) using the	ly get the setup that corresponds to their role. rrows above (the setting types are independen	pplies	_
solely to new use	rs - existing users keep thei	r own setup.		pplies	
solely to new use	rs - existing users keep thei types (for users who have r	r own setup. nultiple roles) using the Setting typ	rrows above (the setting types are independen	pplies	

Figure 121: The "New users" tab

The menu items on the "New users" tab are described below.



Function	Description
Save	Saves changes or the attachment of role types to a user setting.
Connect the default user settings to role type	Connects user settings to a role type. Specific user settings are assigned to a specific role type to ensure that all newly created users with this role type receive its user settings.
🗱 Delete	Deletes the connection between the user setting and the role type. Users who are assigned this role will no longer receive the formerly attached user setting.
Move upwardMove downward	Moves the role types up/down on the list according to prioritisation. The sequence is crucial as it determines which user setting should be assigned to a user with multiple roles. The higher up on the list a role is, the higher it is prioritised.

The tab has the following columns:

Column	Description
"Role type"	Shows the role type to which the user setting is attached.
"User setting"	Shows the name of the user setting attached to the role type.
"Setting type"	Shows the type of user setting.

Note: The menu items in the ribbon of the dialogue become active once a user setting is selected.

Attach a user setting to a role type

Click on **Connect the default user settings to role type** to attach a user setting to a specific role type.

A dialogue opens in which it is possible to assign a user setting to a role type.



User settings									
User settings	Administrate user settir	ngs	New user	5					
Save Connect the settings to			nking a role ty	the default user set pe with a user setting, you itomatically assigned the	u can ensure that ne	w users with th	e select	× ted	
solely to new use	role types to user setting: rs - existing users keep the types (for users who have User setting Case manager in Qu Head of HR	Use	ttings	Administrator Archivaccess Business administrator Can edit case guide Can edit dictionary Can edit production dashb Can edit signatur template Can edit signatur template Can read server logs		ОК	Cance	21	
4									Þ

Figure 122: Assign a user setting to a role type

Click on **OK** to complete. The user setting is then assigned to the role type.

The rules for user settings:

- User settings assigned to role types only affect new users. Existing users whose job role is assigned a new user setting are not affected.
- If a new user is assigned a role type, the user automatically receives its user settings, if any.
- If a new user is assigned multiple role types with user settings, the user automatically receives the user settings of the highest ranking role type. It makes no difference with which role the user logs in.
- No matter which user setting was received, the user can always change the setup.



Document templates

All users can create private document templates for use in their everyday work. A user with the "Template administrator" privilege can create, edit and delete shared document templates that are used as standard documents across the organisation.

Document templates are divided into three levels in F2:

• Standard document templates

A standard document template can be used by all users. However, only users with the "Template administrator" privilege can create, maintain and delete them.

• Document templates on unit level

A document template on unit level can be used by all users in the unit or its subunits. Only users with the "Template administrator" privilege can create, maintain and delete them.

• Personal document templates

A personal document template can only be used by the user who created it. Only the users themselves can create, maintain and delete a personal document template.

F2 supports the following file formats for templates: docm, docx, dot, dotx, dotm, xlsx, xlt, xltx, xltm, pot, potx, odt, ods, odp, ott, ots and otp.

Templates are managed via the "Templates" menu item. The menu item is located in the ribbon of the "Settings" tab in the main window.

Document templates
😪 Approval templates
🏢 Case templates
Templates

Figure 123: Manage templates

To an administrator, the dialogue window will appear as follows:



	Here you can manage your to You can add, delete, replace							-		×
	Show inactive									
Unit	👍 🔚 Doc Organisation		- 1	Title	File type	Created	Description			
Personal — Standard — Manage templates — using the right- click menu	2 Personal			All keys	dotx	17/08/201				
	Standard			Copy of simple	xlsx	13/12/201				
		Add template	- 1	October orientation meeting	dotx	17/08/201				
		Rename folder		Evaluation of October meeting	dotx	17/08/201				
		Delete folder		💑 Standard letter	odt	18/11/201				
		Create folder								
			Į							
									Clos	e

Figure 124: Managing document templates

Managing document templates is described in F2 Desktop – Settings and Setup.



F2 Settings

In F2 users with special privileges can alter the basic setup and configuration of F2. Users who have special privileges have the "F2 settings" menu item on the "Settings" tab. Access to the "F2 Settings" menu item requires one of the following privileges:

- CBrainInstaller
- CBrainSetter
- CBrainSuperSetter
- F2Setter.

Click on the **F2 settings** menu item to open the "F2 settings" dialogue. From this dialogue it is possible to make changes to the configuration of F2.



Figure 125: The "F2 Settings" menu item

Settings	0	i Maria					
		nges Copy Copy configuration Copy	te copy Export all • Export	Unlock			
Name	Value	Last changed	Configuration version	Groups	Flags	Target gro	up
			•		•	-	•
CPRErrorCodesToBelgnored	8483, 8484, 8485, 8		5.3.0.27899	CPR			
ExternalPartyLinkUrl			5.3.0.27899	M4	ClientSetting	, Environmen	
ExternalPartyLinkTitle			5.3.0.27899	M4	ClientSetting		
MaxMailSizeUsedByServerInMB	-1		5.3.0.27899	Mail			
MaxMailSizeShownToUsersInMB	-1		5.3.0.27899	Mail			
cTubeUrl	https://accloud02-t	18-01-2021 15:40	5.3.0.27899	cTube	ClientSetting	, Environmen	
HideDisposalCode	False		5.3.0.27899	Case	ClientSetting		
HideActionCode	False		5.3.0.27899	Case	ClientSetting		
AllowMultipleActionCodes	True	28-05-2019 08:24	5.3.0.27899	Case	ClientSetting		
UseJournalPlan	true	07-11-2017 16:05	5.3.0.27899	Case	ClientSetting		
CaseStatusSemantics	Full	07-11-2017 16:05	8.0.0.1560	Case	RecyclesApp	Pool	
MaxOneKeywordOnCase	true	07-11-2017 16:05	5.3.0.27899	Case	ClientSetting		
CaraKassuordMandaton	Falra	20-01-2021 12-16	5 3 N 27800	Cara	CliantSattinn		
Description:			Value:				
Determines which error codes (from	n CPR) that should ignored i	in the subscription service.	8483, 8484, 8485	8486, 8487			

Figure 126: The "F2 settings" dialogue

Note: cBrain recommends that all configurations are performed in cooperation with cBrain. Configuration changes to F2 can have far-reaching consequences for all the users in the F2 installation. Changes should only be performed if strictly necessary and only if the consequences are known.



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