



**F2**

Merge codes

Version 7

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# Reading instructions

This manual is written for users of F2 Merge codes.

The manual contains a short introduction to F2 Merge codes and a general description of its functionality. The description adheres to best practice in digital bureaucracy.

The manual is based on an F2 solution with all available add-on modules installed. Users may notice some differences between their own F2 client and the one presented here depending on the add-on modules included in their organisation's F2 solution.

In this manual, the names of commands are **bolded**. Commands are clickable features such as buttons. The names of fields and lists are placed in "quotation marks".

References to other sections within the document and references to other documentation are *italicised*.

We hope you enjoy using F2.

# Introduction to F2 Merge codes

F2 Merge codes is an add-on module that supports the merging of data from F2 with Microsoft Word templates. The module simplifies the creation of standard documents and streamlines the process of creating multiple identical records and emails for different participants.

The module's merge fields include various data from both the participant register and metadata, which can be directly inserted into documents. This allows users to add addresses, case titles, and other information quickly and efficiently, which in turn reduces the risk of errors and improves the quality of produced documents.

Merging is made possible by using document templates. These templates contain merge codes, and the codes determine which data are retrieved from F2's database.

The following instructions require familiarity with F2 Desktop and the use of templates in F2. More information is available in *F2 Desktop – Settings and setup*.

## Merge codes

A merge code is the code written in templates in place of the desired data. Merge codes are always one of three general types:

- Codes retrieving metadata on records.
- Codes retrieving metadata on cases.
- Codes retrieving participant data used when copying records.

The merge codes follow a specific syntax. Every code starts with a "\$" followed by text specifying the desired type of code.

For example:

- *\$dossier* for record information.
- *\$case* for case information.
- *\$mergeparty* for merging information from multiple participants on copies of records.

The type is followed by the name of the desired merge field, and the code is finalised by another "\$".

The merge code's parts are linked together with "\_". For example, to insert the responsible user for a record, the corresponding merge code would look like this:

- *\$dossier\_responsiblename\$*

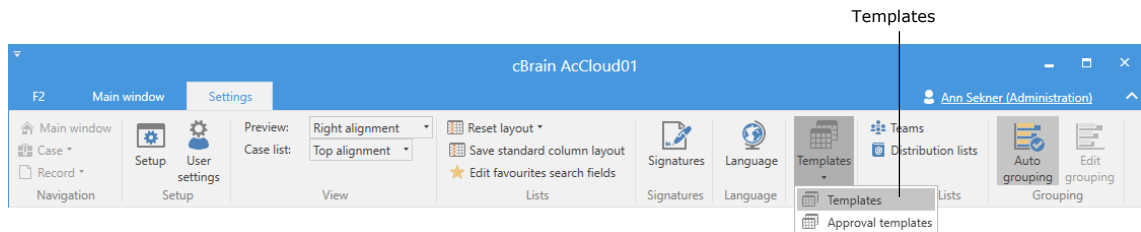
**Note:** Merge codes must follow the above syntax to work as intended. Further examples of correct merge codes can be found in *Appendix A: Merge fields*.

Organisations using the add-on module F2 Task guide will also be able to retrieve data from related merge fields using the prefix *\$case\_fielddata*.

Merge codes referring to empty data fields will be removed when generating documents so any generated document will be free of codes. Please note that this does not apply to *\$mergeparty* codes.

# Merging with templates

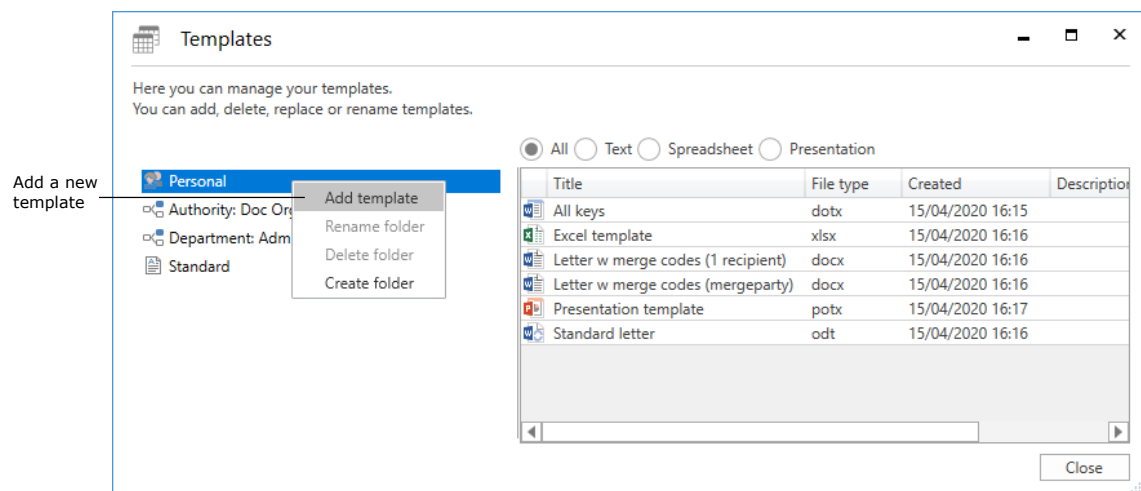
F2 Merge codes makes it possible to automatically merge data from F2 with templates for Microsoft Word. Create templates directly from the main window on the “Settings” tab by clicking on the **Templates** menu item.



**Figure 1: Accessing templates from the main window**

The “Templates” dialogue offers an overview of existing templates available in F2’s database and the option of creating new templates. The placement of the templates depends on a user’s privileges in F2.

Create a new template by writing its content in an editor outside F2 and then importing the document via the “Templates” dialogue. F2 Merge codes supports the following types of files: DOTX, DOTM, DOCX, and DOCM.



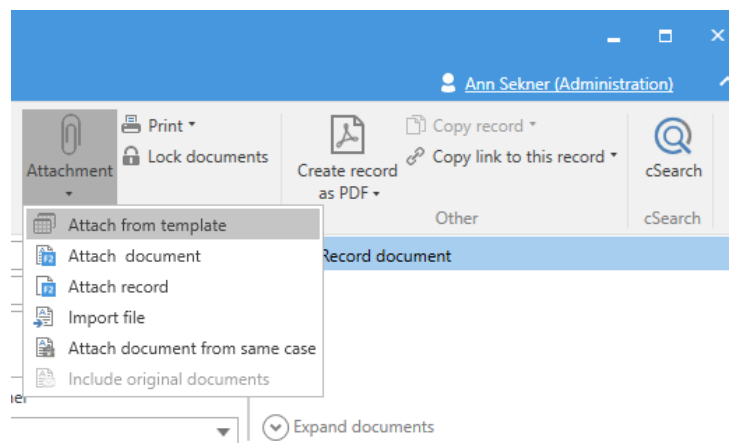
**Figure 2: The “Templates” dialogue**

Right-click on a folder to add a new template. Any user can add templates to their personal and their unit’s folders, while users with the “Template administrator” privilege can add templates that the entire organisation can access and use.

## Attach from template

Templates with merge codes work much the same way as regular templates. Attach the template to a record by clicking on **Attach from template** in the record window ribbon. F2 will immediately replace all merge codes with the corresponding

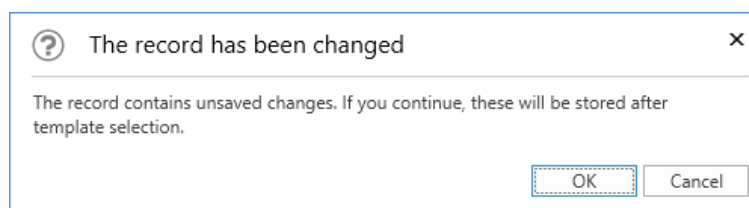
information retrieved from the specific record and its participants when the template is attached.



**Figure 3: Attach from template in the record window**

**Note:** Data from records and cases are merged immediately when a template is attached. It is therefore important to ensure that all relevant information is already saved on the record and the case before attaching the template. Later changes to the metadata will not be merged with the generated document.

F2 will display a warning dialogue if a template containing merge codes is attached to a record with unsaved metadata (e.g. "Record participants"). This dialogue prompts the user to save any changes to the record before attaching the template.



**Figure 4: The record has been changed**

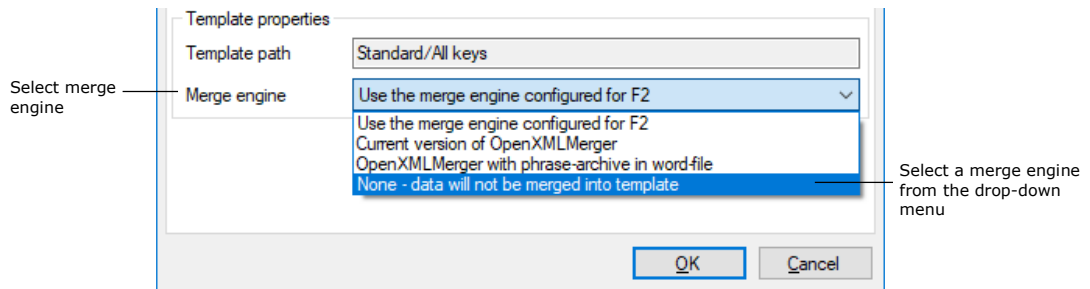
The reason for the warning is that the database has not been updated with the latest information from the record. The database is only updated whenever a record or a case is saved. F2 displays a similar warning when a user attempts to attach a template to a record while editing it, as any unsaved changes will not be merged with the template.

**Note:** A line break in the data for a merge field will be replaced with a space upon merging.

## Disable template merging

The merging of data with document templates can be disabled for specific templates in F2. This is useful if the merging fails, but it is necessary to create the document regardless. Click on **Templates** in the ribbon of the "Settings" tab. Right-click on the relevant template and select **Properties** to open the "Document

properties” dialogue. From here, the merge engine can be changed to “None” as shown in the example below.



**Figure 5: Template properties in the “Document properties” dialogue**

## Example of merging data for a letter

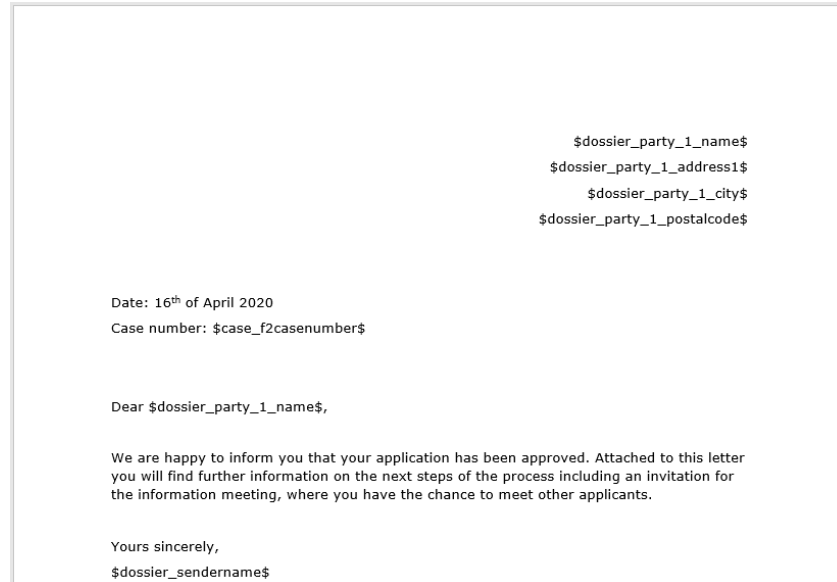
The following example demonstrates how merge codes can be used in a standard letter with a single recipient. The template for the letter contains a number of merge codes listed in the table below.

The “Merge field” column contains the names of the fields in the database (metadata), and the “Description” column describes the content of the corresponding metadata field.

Merge field	Description
\$dossier_party_1_name\$	Recipient’s name
\$dossier_party_1_address1\$	First line of recipient’s address
\$dossier_party_1_postalcode\$	Recipient’s postcode
\$dossier_party_1_city\$	Recipient’s city
\$dossier_sendername\$	Case manager’s name
\$case_f2casenumber\$	Case number

Below is an example of a letter template with a single recipient (record participant):

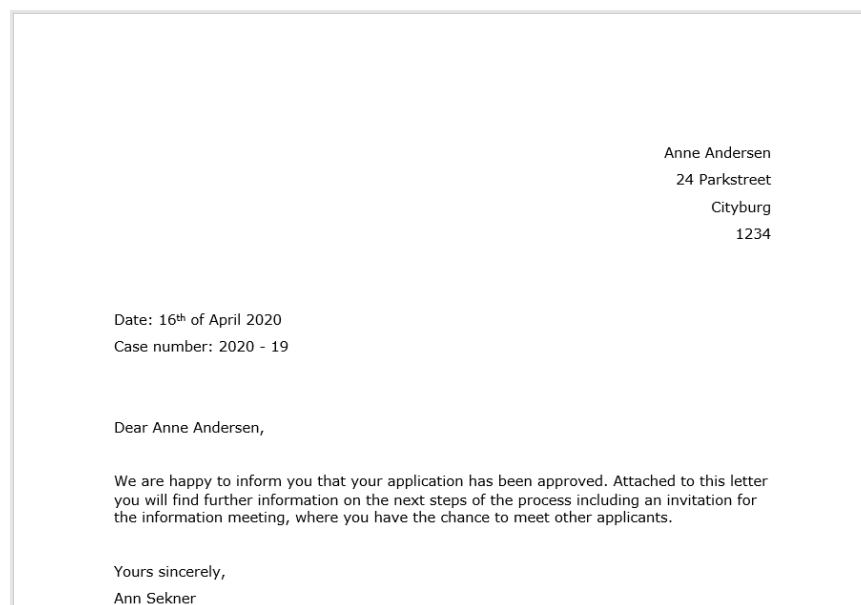




**Figure 6: Letter template with merge codes for a single recipient**

A letter template added to a record with the four following metadata fields will produce a letter like in the figure below:

- Case manager = Ann Sekner
- Case number = 2020 - 19
- Participant = Anne Andersen
- Participant's address = 24 Parkstreet, 1234 Cityburg



**Figure 7: Single recipient letter generated from letter template with merge codes**

# Copy to case participants (multiple recipients)

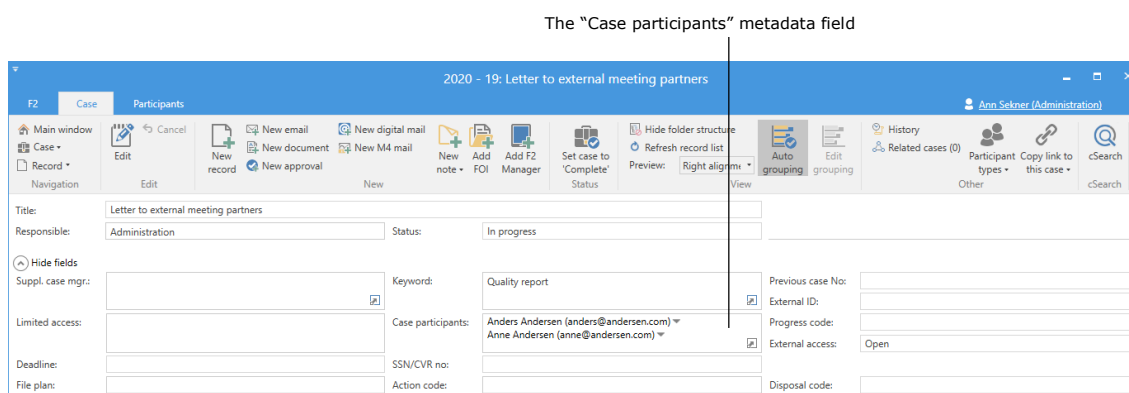
A letter template can be used for generating multiple identical letters to different recipients simultaneously. The process differs slightly from letter templates for a single recipient. This is partially due to differences in merge codes and to the structure of the process.

Use this function when sending the same information to a large number of participants. The following sections describe this process of generating letters.

## Generating individual letters for multiple recipients

First add the relevant participants to the case in question. The participants and their information must exist in F2's participant register. The participants are added by entering their names in the "Case participants" metadata field.

The figure below shows the case window with two participants added to "Case participants".



**Figure 8: Examples of participants in the "Case participants" field**

Choose a template containing merge codes for this particular type of merging.

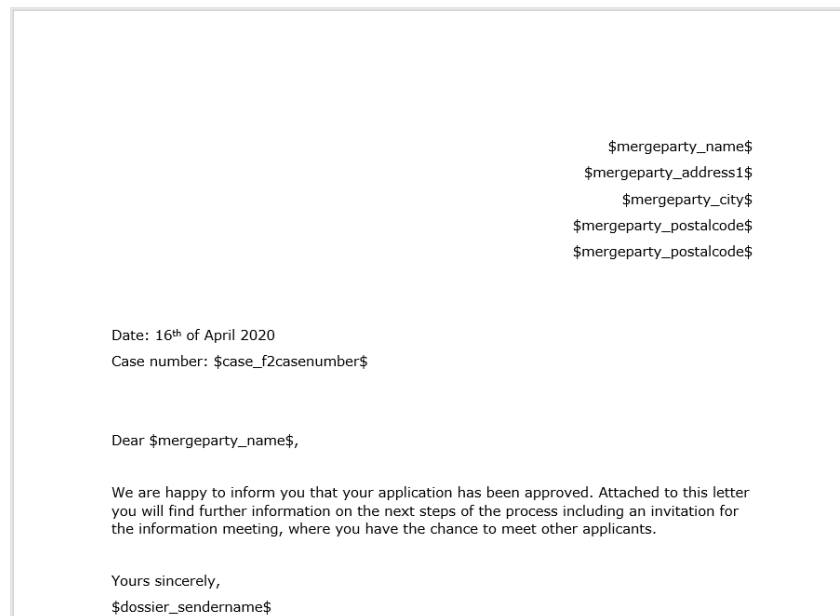
The merge code must begin with "mergeparty" when merging data from multiple participants with a template.

See the following example:

Merge field	Description
\$mergeparty_name\$	Recipient's name
\$mergeparty_address1\$	First line of recipient's address
\$mergeparty_postalcode\$	Recipient's postcode
\$mergeparty_city\$	Recipient's city

Merge field	Description
\$dossier_sendername\$	Case manager's name
\$case_f2casenumber\$	Case number

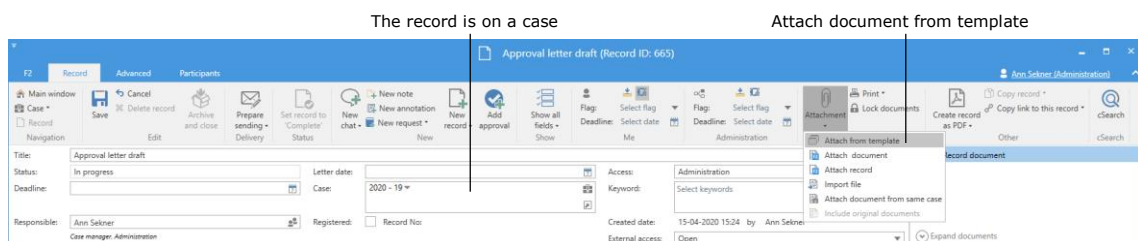
The example from the previous section, *Example of merging data for a letter*, is used here to illustrate a letter template for sending standardised information to multiple recipients. In this example, the template uses "mergeparty" in the merge codes to indicate that the letter will be sent to any participant identified in the "Case participants" metadata field.



**Figure 9: Letter template with merge codes for multiple participants**

To generate letters for multiple recipients, choose a record from which to retrieve the letter template. The record must be attached to the case with the participants.

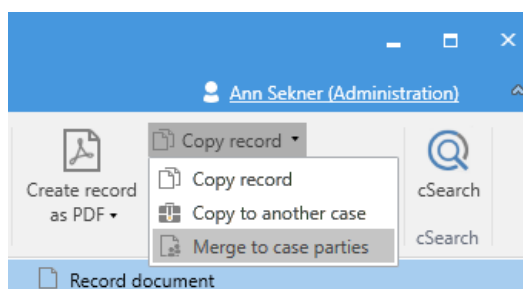
Click on **Attachment** and then on **Attach from template** in the ribbon of the record window as shown below.



**Figure 10: Attach template to record**

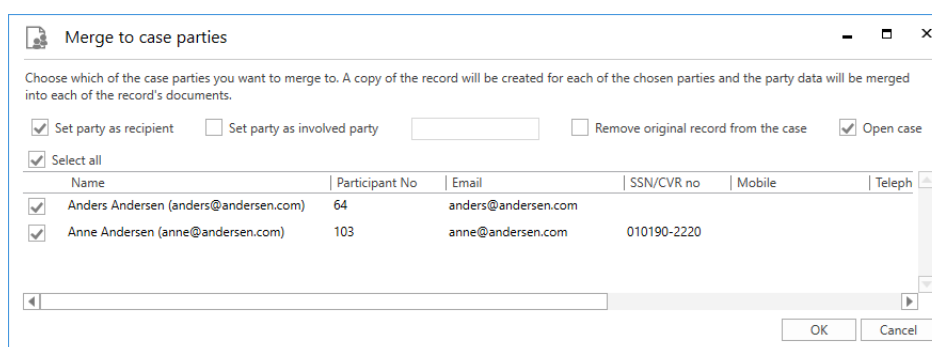
No final letters are generated immediately upon attaching the letter template. If the document is previewed, it will still contain merge codes (mergeparty).

Save the record with the template. Click on **Copy record** and then on **Merge to case parties** to start generating the letters to multiple recipients as displayed in the figure below.



**Figure 11: Merge to case parties**

Click on **Merge to case parties** to open a dialogue in which it is possible to select the participants for merging.



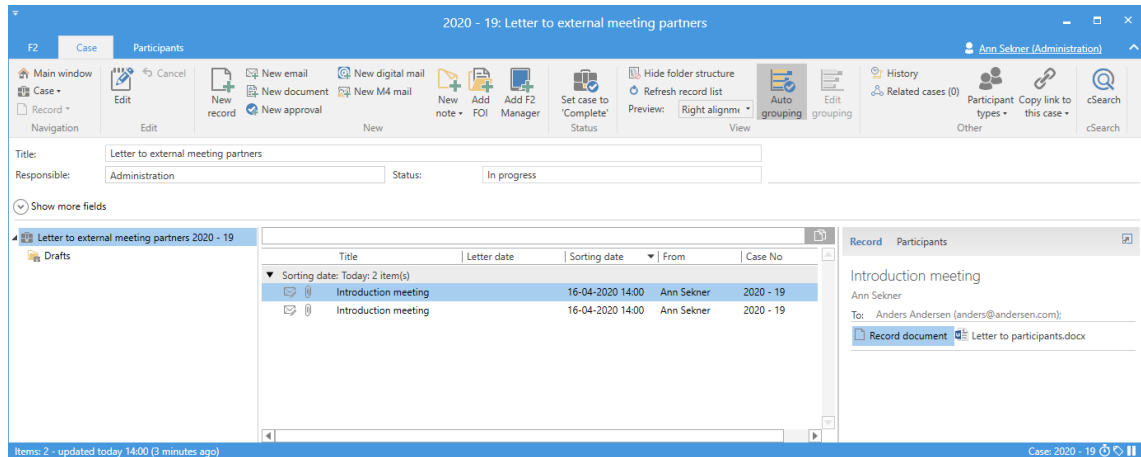
**Figure 12: Select case participants**

A record is generated for each selected participant.

Tick the "Set party as recipient" box to add the selected participants as recipients on the newly generated records. Tick the "Set party as involved party" box to add the selected participants as involved participants on the case. From the drop-down menu, it is possible to assign a participant type to the participant on the new record (only applicable to external participants). Tick "Remove original record from the case" to remove the original record from the attached case.

It is also possible to select whether to open the case window.

Click on **OK** to generate the email records and add them to the case. Each record contains a copy of the attached document with all merge codes replaced by the corresponding information. Now the records can be sent to the different recipients.



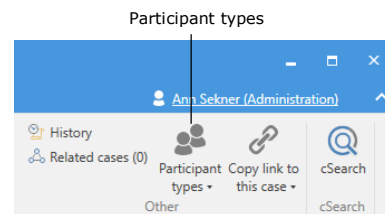
**Figure 13: New email records on the case**

## Participant types

Participants can be assigned specific participant types. Each type has a number of corresponding merge fields which makes it possible to refer directly to the wanted participant type when creating templates.

Participant types are assigned in the case window. A participant who has been assigned a type is automatically merged with the corresponding participant type merge codes.

See the *F2 Participant types – User manual* for more information on how to assign and manage participant types.



**Figure 14: Participant types**

## Configurable merge codes

Certain merge codes can be configured to display information in more than one format.

The configurable merge codes must be handled in accordance with the merge engine used in F2.

An example of this type of merge code is date fields. To merge a record's letter date with a document, use the merge code `$dossier_letterdate$`. The standard format for dates is `dd-mm-yyyy`.

Specify a different format by appending it to the merge code:

- `$dossier_letterdate.date("MM-dd-yyyy")$`

Exact specifications for date formatting options are available in Microsoft's online documentations of .NET: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/base-types/custom-date-and-time-format-strings>

### Extracting existing merge fields

Changes to existing fields and addition of new fields to the F2 database may eventually occur. It is thus relevant to extract a list of available fields periodically.

Such a list of merge codes can be generated in the same way as with the letters described above.

Create a Word template containing only the following merge code:

- `$all_keys$`

**Note:** The template cannot contain any other merge codes.

Attach this template to a record to generate an exhaustive list of merge codes in F2 available at the time of creation.

It can be challenging to identify the exact merge code to use. It is recommended to fill in as many metadata fields on the record and case as possible before generating the document, since the information from these fields is displayed next to their corresponding merge codes.

The following is an excerpt from such a list. Bolded text indicates information retrieved from filled-in metadata fields:

dossier\_createdbyuserid: **634381**  
dossier\_createdbyusername: **Ann Sekner**  
dossier\_createddate: **16/04/2020\***  
dossier\_createreceiverregistrations: **False**  
dossier\_currentlocation:  
dossier\_currentlocationdocid:  
dossier\_currentlocationpartytype:  
dossier\_deadline: **23/04/2020\***

dossier\_deliverytype: **Email**  
dossier\_digitalmaildispatchexternalstatus:  
dossier\_digitalmaildispatchfailed: **False**

**Note:** Other F2 lists can also be merged with a Word template, e.g. lists created from case guide fields or case metadata. Contact cBrain for further information.

# Appendix A: Merge fields

## Examples of merge fields

The table below shows examples of commonly used merge fields on a record. Prefix the field names in the "Metadata field" column with *dossier* to refer to the "Record". The "Full field name" column shows the field name prefixed with the "Record" type. The "Value" column shows the merge code that refers to the field.

Metadata field	Full field name	Value
Access	dossier_accesstype	\$dossier_accesstype\$
Bcc	dossier_bccreceivernames	\$dossier_bccreceivernames\$
Case help	dossier_casehelp	\$dossier_casehelp\$
Cc	dossier_ccreceivernames	\$dossier_ccreceivernames\$
Created by	dossier_createdbyusername	\$dossier_createdbyusername\$
Creation date	dossier_createddate	\$dossier_createddate\$
Deadline	dossier_deadline	\$dossier_deadline\$
Flag	dossier_myflag	\$dossier_myflag\$
Keywords	dossier_keywords	\$dossier_keywords\$
Letter date	dossier_letterdate	\$dossier_letterdate\$
Locked	dossier_locked	\$dossier_locked\$
Personal control	dossier_caseworker	\$dossier_caseworker\$
Personal deadline	dossier_mydeadline	\$dossier_mydeadline\$
Previous case no.	dossier_previouscasenumber	\$dossier_previouscasenumber\$
Received date	dossier_mailreceiveddate	\$dossier_mailreceiveddate\$
Recipient	dossier_receivernames	\$dossier_receivernames\$
Record no.	dossier_documentnumber	\$dossier_documentnumber\$
Record type	dossier_documenttype	\$dossier_documenttype\$
Registered	dossier_archived	\$dossier_archived\$
Reminder date	dossier_reminddate	\$dossier_reminddate\$



<b>Metadata field</b>	<b>Full field name</b>	<b>Value</b>
Responsible user	dossier_responsiblename	\$dossier_responsiblename\$
Sender	dossier_sendername	\$dossier_sendername\$
SSN/Company no.	dossier_cprnumber	\$dossier_cprnumber\$
Status	dossier_status	\$dossier_status\$
Title	dossier_title	\$dossier_title\$
Undefined	dossier_undefined	\$dossier_undefined\$

## Merge fields on cases

The table below shows examples of commonly used merge fields on a case. Prefix the field names in the "Metadata field" column with *case* to refer to the "Case". The "Full field name" column shows the field name prefixed with the "Case" type. The "Value" column shows the merge code that refers to the field.

<b>Metadata field</b>	<b>Full field name</b>	<b>Value</b>
Case no.	case_f2casenumber	\$case_f2casenumber\$
Case title	case_title	\$case_title\$
Deadline	case_deadline	\$case_deadline\$
Keywords	case_keywords	\$case_keywords\$
Previous case no.	case_previouscasenumber	\$case_previouscasenumber\$
Progress code	case_progresscode	\$case_progresscode\$
Responsible user	case_responsiblename	\$case_responsiblename\$
SSN/Company no.	case_cprcvrnumber	\$case_cprcvrnumber\$
Status	case_status	\$case_status\$
Suppl. case manager	case_supplcaseworkers_0_name	\$case_supplcaseworkers_0_name\$
Suppl. case manager	case_supplcaseworkers_1_name	\$case_supplcaseworkers_1_name\$

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